Business Announcements

SOLID MAHOGANY FURNITURE, FOR INDIA, CHINA, & THE COLONIES

HEAL & SON are Manufacturing, especially for use in Extreme Climates, Bed-room Furniture, which is entirely free from Veneer.

IRON AND BRASS BEDSTEADS suitable for all parts of the World. Their stock consists of 2,500 Bedsteads.

HEAL & Son's Patent Horsehair Mattress. The Patent is for preventing the material from felting into a mass and is especially suited for warm climates.

Illustrated Catalogue for India, China, and the Colonies, of Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bed-room Furniture, sent free to every part of the World to which there is Book Post.

HEAL & SON,
BEDSTEAD, BEDDING, AND BED-ROOM FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,
196, 197, & 198, Tottenham Court Road, London, W.

*** Remittances and orders must be made payable in London. [1y 2975 Dec. 21

Hongkong Markets.

(As Reported by Chinese on the 21st February, 1868.)

COTTON GOODS.

COTTON YARN, No. 16 s 24 ... per picul		$ 95.00 a $112.50
" 28 s 32 ... "		133.00 a 135.00
" 38 s 42 ... "		140.00 a 165.00
GREY SHIRTINGS, 7 c 7¾ lbs ... per piece		$2.20 a $2.25
" 8 c 8½ lbs ... "		2.80 a 2.90
" 9 c 10 lbs ... "		3.60 a 4.10
WHITE SHIRTINGS, 56 c 60 reed ... "		3.30 a 3.50
" 64 c 66 " ... "		3.40 a 3.42
" 68 c 72 " ... "		3.10 a 4.40
WHITE SPOTTED DO. ... "		3.20 a 3.25
WHITE BROCADES ... "		3.40 a 3.50
AMERICAN DRILLS, 30 yards ... "		3.00 a 2.25
" 40 " ... "		3.10 a 4.50
GREY T-CLOTHS, 24 yds & 32 ins. "		3.15 a 3.10
" " 24 " & 36 " "		3.55 a 3.30
DYED SPOTTED SHIRTINGS ... "		3.90 a 4.00
DYED BROCADE DO. ... "		4.10 a 4.00
DYED DAMASK DO. ... "		7.00 a 7.30
DRILLS ... "		2.40 a 2.00
HANDKERCHIEFS, Blue ... per doz.		1.05 a 0.93
" Brown ... "		0.94 a 1.02
" Red ... "		1.12 a 1.50
VELVETS, Black, 22 inch ... per yard		0.20 a 0.29
" Genoa, 22 " ... "		0.22 a 0.26
VELVETEENS, Black ... "		0.36 a 0.37

WOOLLEN GOODS.

SPANISH SERGES ... per yard		1.02 a 1.06
LONG ELLS, Mill Scarlet ... per piece		8.90 a 8.95
" " Assorted ... "		8.40 a 8.50
" HH Scarlet ... "		8.00 a 8.05
" " Assorted ... "		8.40 a 8.34
CAMLETS, 5/8 ... "		14.00 a 18.50
" 6/8 ... "		16.50 a 16.70
" 8/8 ... "		17.00 a 17.50
" 9/8 ... "		18.50 a 18.70
" DDB ... "		21.00 a 21.25
LASTINGS ... "		15.50 a 16.10

METALS.

IRON, Nail Rod Nos. 1 to 6 ... per picul		3.15 a 3.10
" Hoop ... "		3.40 a 3.50
" Bar ... "		3.30 a 3.35
" Small Round Rod ... "		3.65 a 3.45
" Wire ... "		8.40 a 7.20
LEAD, Inglis ... "		7.00 a 7.25
STEEL, English ... per lb.		4.00 a 3.25
" Swedish ... "		3.35 a 3.50
TIN, Malacca ... per picul		26.00 a 24.00
TIN PLATES ... per box		0.55 a 0.60
SHEATHING METAL ... per picul		24.00 a 27.00
OTCHELITES ... "		26.50 a 27.00
SPELTER ... "		6.05 a 6.00

PRODUCE.

COTTON, Shanghai ... per picul		20.00 a 20.50
" Ningpo ... "		22.00 a 21.00
" Tientsin ... "		21.00 a 20.00
" Shantung ... "		21.00 a 20.50
" Bengal ... "		14.10 a 17.50
RICE Bengal, Cargo No. 1 ... per picul		2.10 a 2.18
" Siam, common ... "		1.45 a 1.38
" " fair ... "		1.32 a 1.36
" " white ... "		1.41 a 1.36
" Manila ... "		1.42 a 1.40
" Java ... "		1.37 a 1.43
" Singapore ... "		1.41 a 1.44
" Saigon ... "		1.51 a 1.47
" Arracan ... "		1.40 a 1.42
" Rangoon ... "		1.33 a 1.44
SALTPETRE ... "		1.45 a 1.60
COAL, Liverpool ... per ton		
" English steam ... "		13.50 a 14.00
" American Anthracite ... "		15.00 a 14.25
" Sydney ... "		10.05 a 11.00
WINDOW GLASS ... per box		2.25 a 2.30
SUNDRY PRODUCE, &c.		
BATTANS, Straits ... per yd.		4.75 a 5.00
" Bintjes ... "		3.45 a 3.55
PEPPER White ... "		11.80 a 11.25
" Black ... "		6.40 a 6.25
BEECHE-DE-MER ... "		2.80 a 3.30
SANDAL WOOD Malabar ... "		5.00 a 3.00
" South Seas ... "		10.00 a 8.00
SAPAN WOOD, Manila ... "		1.80 a 1.60
" Siam ... "		1.90 a 2.00
FLOUR, California, per sack of 50 lbs ...		1.63 a 1.44
AMERICAN, per barrel of 200 lbs ...		3.16 a 3.05
WHEAT, Tientsin ... per picul		1.55 a 2.10
" California ... "		2.50 a 2.00
SUGAR, Canton white, No. 2 ... per cwt.		8.50 a 7.00
" " Dk. Brown ... "		5.75 a 5.95
" West Coast, Dk. Brown ... "		3.30 a 3.10
" Manila, Dry White ... "		5.40 a 5.00
" " Dk. Brown ... "		4.50 a 2.40
CAMPHOR, packed ... "		22.75 a 30.00
TEA, White ... "		2.27 a 2.35
" Green ... "		2.30 a 2.60
" Black ... "		1.90 a 2.00
" Yellow ... "		2.27 a 2.25
MUSHROOMS, Japan ... "		52.00 a 54.00
SEAWEED, Green ... "		8.25 a 8.00
" Cut ... "		8.30 a 2.75
MOTHER-OF-PEARL SHELL, Large ... "		8.20 a 8.00
" " small ... "		7.40 a 7.50
VERMICELLI ... "		8.20 a 8.10
BÊCHE-DE-MER, Japan ... "		16.00 a 101.00
" Hankow ... "		42.00 a 50.00
AGAR ... "		3.00 a 2.75
SEAWEED, Japan white ... "		3.65 a 3.45
" Black ... "		2.90 a 2.30

Arrivals.

Feb. 22, EHEU, Brit. str., 1538, G. N. Hector, Bombay, 30th January, Galle, 5th February, Penang, 11th, and Singapore, 14th, General.—P. & O. Co.

Feb. 22, UNDINE, Brit. sh., 796, Scott, Sunderland, 7th November, 1000 tons Coal.—JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Feb. 23, YESSO, Brit. str., 665, Ashton, Foochow, 20th February, Amoy, 21st, and SWATOW, 22nd, General.—D. LAPRAIK & Co.

Feb. 24, MARQUES DE LA VICTORIA, Span. str., Pedrinan, Manila, 20th February, General and Mails.—SPANISH CONSUL.

Departures.

Feb. 22, CLAN ALPINE, str., for Singapore & Calcutta.

Feb. 22, LIGHTNING, str., for Singapore and Calcutta.

Feb. 22, SHWOHALA, str., for Shanghai.

Feb. 22, CHINA, str., for Chefoo & Shanghai.

Feb. 22, MANCHU, str., for East Coast.

Feb. 23, KAN-KA-EE, for Whampoa.

Feb. 23, FORMOSA, str., for Shanghai.

Feb. 23, UNITED SERVICE, str., for Shanghai.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, FEBRUARY 22ND.

United Service, str., for Shanghai.
Ellen Lewis, for Takao.
Emigrante, for Whampoa.
Harriet, for Keelung.
Ocean Bride, for Whampoa.
United Service, str., for Shanghai.
Manchu, str., for East Coast.
Coila, str., for Chefoo and Shanghai.
Lightning, str., for Singapore and Calcutta.
Formosa, str., for Shanghai.
Kan-ka-kee, for Whampoa.

Passengers.

Per *Emeu*, mail str.—

For Hongkong, from Bombay.—Messrs. Dale, S. A. Newton, A. Hardoon. From Marseilles.—Mr. J. Kramer. From Southampton.—Messrs. N. J. Hannen, Bearne, Asst. Surg. Power, Messrs. Chisholm, M. O'Sullivan. From Galle.—Mr. Roundell. From Singapore.—Messrs. J. C. Meagher, L. Sambal and servant, Pasqual, Thos. Kyle, Wong-ah-muay, and, 9 Chinese.

For Shanghai, from Marseilles.—Messrs R. C. Antrobus, J. Booth, F. Cox, R. Elias. From Southampton.—Messrs. F. C. Adams, Schjath, Rasch, W. F. Hodder, daughter and son.

For Nagasaki, from Southampton.—Mr. J. R. Barnes.

For Yokohama, from Southampton.—Messrs. J. F. Austin, W. M. Corsie.

For Yokohama, from Marseilles.—Mr. E. H. Hall.

Per *Formosa*, str., for Shanghai.—

Dr. Sibbald, Lieut. Anson, Mr. and Mrs. Rennie, Mr. Hodder, daughter and son, Messrs. Cox, Rahbow, Adams, Bline, Booth, Schgatsk, Rasch, and Capt. Johnson, of the str. *Aeif*, and four 2nd class passengers, and 40 Chinese.

Per *Yesso*, str., from East Coast.—

Messrs. R. Williams, W. Newman, brown, 8 Europeans deck, and 150 Chinese.

Reports.

The British steamer *Yesso*, reports having left Foochow on the 20th February, and had foggy weather coming down throughout the passage, and light monsoon. The str. *Undine*, was in Swatow, when the *Yesso* left that port.

The British ship *Undine*, from Sunderland 7th November, reports having had fine weather down the North Sea to the Dover Straits, and afterwards fine breezes in the Channel and North Atlantic. Had light N.E. trades north of the line, which was passed 5th of December, 23½ lat. West, had very light S.W. trade winds and near the Cape of Good Hope baffling winds, and foggy weather. The meridian of the Cape was passed on the 31st December, and Sandal wood Island reached on the 31st of January. Passed through Ombay passage and Gillolo on the 6th instant, after which had light and variable winds until striking the N.E. monsoon, which continued fine until arrival, the last day before entering the Harbour, however, was foggy. The *Undine* spoke the following vessels on the voyage out, December 12th lat. 22 S., lon. 28 W., the Bark *Hope*, Shields to Shanghai. December 18th lat. 27 S., lon. 24 W., the French barque *Auguste Doris*, from Bordeaux to Pondicherry. December 25th, lat. 41 S., lon. 3 E., the American ship *Zephyr*, from Boston to Calcutta. December 29th lat. 50 S., lon. 14 E., the British ship *British Princess*, from Liverpool to Bombay.

Auction Sales To-day.

BOWRA & Co's Household Furniture, &c

Stock-in-Trade, &c.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG & WHAMPOA, LIMITED.
STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN."

THIS Powerful Tug is available at any time to Berth Vessels in this Harbour, or to Tow them to or from sea.

For particulars, apply at the Company's Office, Peddar's Wharf, Praya, Hongkong, or to the Captain on board.

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

2566 Hongkong, 12th October, 1866.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK Co., LIMITED.
STEAM-TUG "FAME."
110 H. P. NOMINAL.
With Disconnecting Engines.

THIS powerful TUG, is available at any moment to Berth Vessels in Harbour, or Tow them to or from sea.

For particulars, apply to the Captain on board, or to the Office of the Company, *d'Aguilar Street*, Honykong.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

2092 Hongkong, 13th October, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE STEAM TUG "ISLAND QUEEN," 130 H.P. NOMINAL.

WILL commence to ply on the River Min and adjacent waters early in the Spring, and will then be available to berth ships at the anchorage, and to tow to and from sea, at usual rates.

For further information apply to Messrs. E. H. How & Co., Foochow, or to the Undersigned.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 230 Hongkong, 11th February, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, having purchased the Interest of the WANCHI STEAM BAKERY, begs to notify the Public of Hongkong and Shipmasters that he is prepared to furnish Daily Supplies of Soft BREAD, in various forms, to any part of the Colony.

Also, SHIP BREAD, of best quality and at low rates, constantly on hand, or baked in quantities at short notice.

Also, WATER, BUTTER, SODA and SUGAR BISCUITS, by the Barrel, Tin or Pound.

Also, CORN and RYE MEAL, HOMINY, CORN STARCH, BI-CARB SODA, SALERATUS, and CREAM OF TARTAR.

FLOUR of best Brands constantly on hand, supplied by the Barrel, Bag, Tin or Pound.

CAKES of all kinds baked to order.

The above is under the Superintendence of Mr. JONATHAN PARSONS, and all orders forwarded to him, at the Bakery—or left at Messrs. THOS. HUNT & Co.'s, will receive prompt attention.

L. P. WARD.

6m 333 Hongkong, 17th February, 1868.

Banks.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 30th August, 1851.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000.
RESERVED FUND, £344,000.
Court of Directors.

Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
William Scott Binny, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
James Blyth, Esq.
Duncan James Kay, Esq.
J. Binny Kay, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lestock Robert Reid, Esq.
James Walker, Esq.
Charles J. F. Stuart, Esq., Chief-Manager.
Bankers.
The Bank of England.
The Union Bank of London.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Agent in Edinburgh.
E. Duncan Coy,
23, St. Andrew's Square, Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.
Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.
Branches and Agencies.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PONDICHERRY, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, POINT DE GALLE, MAURITIUS, MELBOURNE, SYDNEY, SINGAPORE, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The Corporation receive Money on Deposit repayable on Demand, upon which no Interest is allowed. Current accounts are kept with Firms and Individuals, free of Commission.

Money is also received on Fixed Deposit, repayable at Twelve, Six, and Three Months' notice. Rates of interest may be known on application either at the Office of the Corporation or by letter addressed to the Manager.

Notice of withdrawal may be given at the time of deposit.

The Corporation discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; and they advance upon Bullion and Merchandize, not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.

Exchange.

The Corporation grant Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, on the Union Bank of London and Four or Six Months' sight, and on the Head office at shorter sight.

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers are issued, negotiable in all places of importance throughout the world.

Drafts are granted on the several Branches and Agencies of the Corporation, as above, at the Exchange of the day, and on the proper address being furnished will be forwarded direct to the Payees by the Corporation.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Approved Bills payable in San Francisco are also purchased by the Corporation, and drafts granted, at rates of exchange equivalent to those ruling on London.—Bills of Exchange on San Francisco, or the Atlantic Ports, will likewise be remitted for collection, at the option of Constituents.

All cheques or orders to be made payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation."

Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

JAMES LORIMER, *Acting Manager.*

249 Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000.

With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserve Fund, £145,802 14s. 8d.
Head-Office—No. 65, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

George Garden Nicol, Esq.—*Chairman.*
Donald Larnack, Esq.
George May, Esq.
Sir Frederick J. Halliday.
James M. Robertson, Esq.
Ellis James Gibson, Esq.
David Trail Robertson, Esq.—*Chief-Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS.

Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Rawlins, Coleman St.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co., Public Accountants.

J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs. W. Nicol & Co., Bombay.

James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.

Branches and Agencies.

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Madras.
Ceylon { Colombo, Kandy, Galle.
Singapore.
Penang.
Foochow.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Hankow.
Mauritius.
Saigon.
Batavia.

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY, 128, George Street.

CHARLES PEARSON, Esq., C.A.—Agent.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Current deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

Fixed deposits.—Are received viz:—

Repayable at 12 months' ..... 6% per annum.
" at 6 " ..... 5% per annum.

The Bank discounts Local Bills, and Notes payable in Hongkong having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.

Exchange.

The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at four months' sight, also on its Branches above; and Agents in Scotland, Ireland, Melbourne, Sydney, and Towns in Australia, *New Zealand, &c.*, and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers negotiable in all Towns of importance throughout the world.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours—10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Manager.*

2, Queen's Road, 24th July, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned is ready to receive Tenders for the conveyance of the undermentioned STORES to Yokohama.

PORTER ... ... 150 Hogsheads.
LIME JUICE ... ... 50 Boxes.

ALF. H. PRICE,
Naval and Victualling Storekeeper.

H.M. Naval Yard,
Hongkong, 28th December, 1867. [tf 3095

CARD.

THOMAS BELL, M. D.,
No. 13, *Queen's Road Central.*

2m 291 Hongkong, 18th January, 1868.

A CARD.

TH. H. ELMENHORST, JR.
SHIPBROKER.

tf 2404 Hongkong, 12th November, 1866

MR. JOHN THOMSON,
PHOTOGRAPHER,

BEGS to intimate that he will visit Hongkong by the next French Mail.

tf 27 Saigon, 26th January, 1868.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL—5,000,000 of Dollars

Court of Directors:—

Chairman—GEORGE J. HELLAND, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—GEORGE F. HEALD, Esq.
W. H. Foster, Jr., Esq. — Julius Meske, Esq.
Sir D. Sassoon, Bart. — James B. Taylor, Esq.
William Keswick, Esq.

Managers:—

Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Shanghai—David McLean, Esq.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months' 2 per cent. per annum.
6 " 3 " " "
12 " 4 " " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits—granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts—granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

VICTOR KRESSER, *Chief Manager.*

Offices of the Corporation,
Wardley House, No. 1, Queen's Road.

tf 1032 Hongkong, 24th January, 1868.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND declared for the year ending on 31st December last, at the rate of Twelve per cent. per annum, say $7.50 per paid-up Share of $125, and $1.50 per Share on which $25 have been paid, is payable on and after MONDAY, the 17th instant, at the Offices of the Corporation, Wardley House, *Queen's Road*, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By order of the Court of Directors,

VICTOR KRESSER, *Chief Manager.*

tf 313 Hongkong, 14th February, 1868.

THE UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are requested to take Notice that the Fourth Call of Two Hundred Dollars is made in two Instalments of One Hundred Dollars each per Share, First of which will fall due on the 15th of March, and the Second on the 30th of April Next, and will be payable at the Office of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, *Queen's Road*, Hongkong, where receipts for the payment thereof will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per annum will be charged after the above dates.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

tf 178 Hongkong, 27th January, 1868.

ARMY CONTRACTS 1868-1869.

SEALED TENDERS in duplicate, marked on the cover "Tenders for Army Contracts," will be received by the undersigned until noon on WEDNESDAY, the 26th February, 1868, from persons willing to contract for such quantities of Commissariat supplies, Hospital supplies, or for the performance of Barrack and Hospital services, such as washing and repairing Bedding, Utensils, &c., as may from time to time be required for the use of Her Majesty's Troops in the Island of Hongkong or its outposts, during the year commencing 1st April, 1868.

Forms of Tender (no other than those issued by the Commissariat will be received), and Conditions of Contract, with any further information that may be required, can be obtained on application to the Commissariat, Barrack, or Purveying Departments, for the respective supplies and services.

Each Tender to be signed by two responsible persons, willing to become surety for the party tendering.

The right of rejecting the lowest or any Tender is reserved.

REDMOND UNIACKE,
Dep. Commissary General.

Controller's Office, Commissariat,
224 240 Hongkong, 5th February, 1868.

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the DIVIDEND at the rate of 5 per cent., declared in accordance with a resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held at the HEAD OFFICE, London, on the 8th September last, will be payable at the Office of the Company, *West Point*, on and after the 30th November instant.

A. NEWTON,
Manager.

3m 3741 Hongkong, 27th November, 1867.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL, HONGKONG.

TRUSTEES—
The Colonial-Secretary,
The Honourable W. KESWICK, Esq.,
GEO. HEARD, Esq.
The Superintendent of the P. & O. S. N. Company, (ex officio).
W. STANLEY ADAMS, M.D., *Resident Surgeon.*
H. YOUNG, *House Surgeon.*
W. PATERSON, Esq., *Hon. Treasurer.*

TERMS OF ADMISSION—

1st Class (Private Room), per day,		$3.00
2nd " (2 Bedsiness Room) ... " "		$2.00
3rd " (Public Wards) " "		$0.75

These charges are inclusive of all Medicines and Attendances; but exclusive of Wines or Articles not in the recognised Dietary Table.

All orders for Admission to Hospital must be countersigned by some responsible Person or Persons resident in the Colony.

(Patients are also admitted on Deposits at the following rates, renewable one day previous to the amount deposited having been expended.

1st Class ..... $60.
2nd " ..... $40.
3rd " ..... $20.)

By order,
W. PATERSON,
Treasurer.

tf 21 Hongkong, 3rd January, 1868.

THE Undersigned, His Prussian Majesty's Chargé d'affaires in Japan, hereby informs the masters of merchant vessels belonging to the North German Confederation, that from and after the day on which these ships will hoist the flag of the North German Confederation, they will be admitted to the ports in Japan open to foreign trade, under the same privileges and rights as granted to the merchant vessels of Prussia, by the treaty concluded between Prussia and Japan on the 24th day of January, 1861.

VON BRANDT.

1m 288 Osaka, 28th January, 1868.

NOTICE.

OUR SHIPCHANDLERY BUSINESS has now been REMOVED to *Praya*, Nos. 39 and 31, the premises formerly occupied by Messrs. PETERSEN BROTHERS & Co.; Successors to Messrs. JOHN STURJE & Co.

FREDERKS, RODATZ & Co.

tf 237 Hongkong, 4th February, 1868.

NOTICE.

RENTS AND ACCOUNTS COLLECTED with despatch, and DISTRAINT WARRANTS FOR RENT issued and executed.

SECURITY IF REQUIRED.

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53 Wyndham Street.

tf 338 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

Auctions.

IN RE SHERIFF CURIM, A BANKRUPT.

BOWRA & Co.

WILL sell by Public Auction, by order of T. S. HUFFAM, Esq., Official Assignee, *THIS DAY*, the 24th February, 1868, at 11 o'clock A.M., On the Premises, corner of *Old Bailey Street* and *Hollywood Road*,—

The whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, comprising Drawing Room, Dining Room, and Bed Room SUITES, in Crimson and Green, PIER GLASSES in Gilt Frames, ENGRAVINGS, &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description whatsoever, at purchasers' risk upon fall of the hammer.

317 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

BOWRA & Co.

HAVE received instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the ARGUS HOTEL, *Pedder Street*, *THIS DAY*, the 24th February, 1868, at or about 1 P.M.,—

The HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, STOCK-IN-TRADE, &c., under distraint for Rent.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

319 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. will sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW,

the 25th February, 1868, at Noon, *At their Sales Rooms, Queen's Road*,—

2 Cases Twist TOBACCO.
50 Piculs COCOA-NUT OIL.
50 Drums Hubbuck's Boiled LINSEED OIL.
20 " do. Raw do.
15 Cwt. do. White ZINC.
10 " do. Red LEAD.
2 " do. Black PAINT.
1 Case Assorted Colours BUNTING.
1,000 Yards Assorted Colours Bookbinding CALICO.
100 Reams Foolscap and Overland LETTER PAPER.
20 Barrels American BEEF.
25 " Hambro' PORK.
5 Cases Cheddar CHEESE.
8 " YORK HAMS.
30 Westphalia do.
80 Boxes CANDLES.
10 Cases SWETMEATS.
20 " 1-SARDINES.
40 " ea. 4 doz. Pints PALE ALE, Qts.
25 Casks BROWN STOUT, Quarts.
15 " do. Pints.
50 " Pale OLD BRANDY.
60 " OLD TOM.
192 Cases Schiedam GIN.
60 Kegs ROSE NAILS, Assorted Sizes.
10 Pieces Coloured FLANNELS.
200 Dozen Cotton SOCKS & STOCKINGS.
20 " Cotton UNDERSHIRTS.
1 Case REVOLVERS, &c.
1 " Infantchest CARTRIDGES.

And a variety of other GOODS.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

372 Hongkong, 24th February, 1868.

SUPERIOR JAPANESE WARE AUCTION.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 26th February, 1868, at 2 o'clock P.M., *In their Sale Rooms, Queen's Road*,—

The following very fine Japanese WARE, viz:—CIGAR BOXES, TEA TRAYS, GLOVE BOXES, FANCY BOXES, Ink and Writing BOXES, CUPS and SAUCERS, Porcelain VASES, SNUFF BOXES, CHOW-CHOW BOXES, BOWLS, PLATES,

&c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

353 Hongkong, 21st February, 1868.

NOTICE.

TO BE Sold by Public Auction, in Shanghai, at the end of February—the two well-known Bateaux, called "*DALEY*" and "*KEW-KEE*," (A. 1 14 years), now 3 years old, with a full and complete inventory, carrying about 500 Tons of cargo each, on 10 feet draft.

136 5/10 feet in length.
28 3/10 " " breadth.
12 24/10 " depth of hold.
342 30/100 Tonnage Register.
500 15/30 Tons Builder's Measurement.

Framework, Iron and Wood composite Hulls.

Dated Hongkong, 31st January, 1868.

PROPERTY FOR SALE AT NEW-CHWANG, CHINA.

LOTS No. 2 and No. 3, on the British Concession, lately occupied by Messrs. MAITLAND, BUSH & Co., consisting of a large solid brick built tile-roofed Dwelling House, Outhouses, and Compradore Rooms, and three large Godowns, one of which is tile-roofed. The two lots of GROUND, measuring about 300 feet in depth, and about 550 feet in length, are in one compound, with a river frontage.

Also, 2/3 interest in the remaining unsold lots of the British concession.

The lot of Ground lately occupied by Messrs SCHUTZLER & Co., at present rented by the Harbour Master, consisting of Dwelling House, Outhouses, Compradore Rooms, Billiard Room, Stabling, and a small brick built Godown, the compound measuring about 8 mow. Present rental, Taels 320 per year.

Also, adjoining the above, a lot of Ground measuring about 4 mow, with a small Dwelling House, now in the occupation of Mr. HARVEY. Present rental, Taels 60—on a 10 years lease, of which 8 years are unexpired.

Also, some 25 mow of unoccupied land, adjoining the two last named properties.

The whole of these properties will be sold at public auction (unless previously disposed of), at Newchwang, on the 15th July next, at 2 o'clock P.M.

For further particulars apply to JAMES E. BUSH Esq., at Newchwang, or to the undersigned.

OSCAR BOOTH,
Creditors' Assignee.

Estate MAITLAND, BUSH & Co., *Newchwang.*

4m 377 Shanghai, 15th February, 1868.

FOR SALE.

THE STOCK IN TRADE, BAR, FIXTURES, and FURNITURE, of the well-known Tavern, ARMY AND NAVY, situate in *Queen's Road West*, No. 242, doing a first rate business.

For further particulars apply to

JEREMIAH FOLEY,
Proprietor.

1m 364 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

FOR SALE.
By P. M. S. S. *China.*

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS, in boxes of 50 each,
HENRY CLAY FLOR FINA,
FLOR DE MATA Y GARCIA
Regalia de la Reyna.

At very moderate prices.

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.

tf 362 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

FOR SALE.

SUPERIOR MANILA CIGARS, No. 2.
do. do. CHEROOTS, No. 2.

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.

tf 363 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned have this day REMOVED their STORE from *Praya East* to the Premises No. 13, *Queen's Road Central*, formerly occupied by the CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

MACEWEN & Co.

tf 2859 Hongkong, 7th December, 1867.

Intimations.

HONGKONG CLUB.

THE Second GENERAL MEETING of Members of the HONGKONG CLUB will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 5 P.M.

Immediately thereafter an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held, to take into consideration a resolution to be then brought forward, and which is hung up in the CLUB HOUSE for the information of Members.

By order of the Committee,

GEORGE B. AYLMORE,
Secretary.

361 343 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

CLUB LUSITANO DE HONGKONG, LIMITED.

THE Third Ordinary MEETING of Shareholders, under Clause 57 of the Articles of Association, will take place at the Premises of this Society (*Shelley Street*), on MONDAY, the 24th February, 1868, at 5 P.M.

The two annual Directors, under Clause 81 of the Articles of Association, will be elected on that occasion.

L. J. DA SILVA,
Secretary.

Club Lusitano,
Hongkong, 17th February, 1868. [Ind 324

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

JOHN HEARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD, Junior, ALBERT FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FREDERICK WELLER, and ROBERT INGLIS FEARON, trading under the style or Firm of AUGUSTINE HEARD AND COMPANY, *Plaintiffs*,

v.

ROBERT L. TAYLOR, HENRY W. HUBBELL, F. B. HILDRETH, and RUSSELL STURGIS, *Defendants.*

WHEREAS an action has been commenced in this Honorable Court at the Suit of the above-named JOHN HEARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD, Junior, ALBERT FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FREDERICK WELLER, and ROBERT INGLIS FEARON, trading under the style or Firm of AUGUSTINE HEARD AND COMPANY, *Plaintiffs*, against the above named ROBERT L. TAYLOR, HENRY W. HUBBELL, F. B. HILDRETH, and RUSSELL STURGIS to recover the sum of Eight thousand five hundred and sixty eight Dollars and three cents, for money received by the said ROBERT L. TAYLOR, HENRY W. HUBBELL, F. B. HILDRETH, and RUSSELL STURGIS for the use of the said Plaintiffs JOHN HEARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD, Junior, ALBERT FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FREDERICK WELLER, and ROBERT INGLIS FEARON, and for money found to be due to the said Plaintiffs by the said Defendants on an account stated between them; and it being alleged that the said ROBERT L. TAYLOR, HENRY W. HUBBELL, F. B. HILDRETH, and RUSSELL STURGIS do not reside within this Island or its Dependencies, a Writ of Foreign Attachment has been issued, returnable on the *Tenth Day of March next*, wherein I. S. WATSON, of Victoria, in the Island of Hongkong, Master Mariner, is Garnishee.

Notice is hereby given, that if at any time before final Judgment in this action, the said ROBERT L. TAYLOR, HENRY W. HUBBELL, F. B. HILDRETH, and RUSSELL STURGIS, or any persons on their behalf, will give the security and notice, and file the appearance for plea required by the Ordinance of this Island, intituled "An Ordinance to provide for and regulate process in Action at Law against Persons absent from the Colony," the said "Attachment may be dissolved."

Dated this Twelfth day of February, 1868.

HENRY C. CALDWELL,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

304 Hongkong, 13th February, 1868.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT.

JOHN HEARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD, Junior, ALBERT FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FARLEY HEARD, GEORGE FREDERICK WELLER, and ROBERT INGLIS FEARON, trading under the Style or Firm of AUGUSTINE HEARD AND COMPANY, *Plaintiffs*,

Docks.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—$750,000.
IN 1,500 SHARES, OF $500 EACH.

THE COMPANY'S DOCKS, at ABERDEEN and WHAMPOA, are in full working order, and the attention of Shipowners, and Agents is respectfully solicited to the advantages which these Establishments offer for the Docking and Repairing of Vessels.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the Public:—

ABERDEEN DOCKS.

DOCK No. 1.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	330 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18½ "
Do. Neap Tides	16 "

NEW DOCK, No. 2.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	400 feet.
Breadth	93 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	24½ "
Do. Neap Tides	21½ "

This Dock is now under course of construction.

WHAMPOA DOCKS.

DOCK A.

Built of GRANITE	
Length	550 feet.
Breadth	90 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	16½ to 17 "
Do. Neap Tides	13½ to 15 "

This can be used either as one or two Docks

DOCK B.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	340 feet.
Breadth	60 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18 "
Do. Neap Tides	15 "

The above are the largest Docks in China and they are fitted with every appliance in the way of Caissons, powerful Steam Pumps, &c., to ensure safety and despatch in work.

DOCK C.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	300 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	14 "
Do. Neap Tides	11 "

Fitted with Caissons and Steam Pumps.

DOCK D.

Length	164 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	26½ "
Do. Neap Tides	9½ "

DOCK E.

Length	120 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18 "
Do. Neap Tides	8 "

D. and E are Mud Docks available for small vessels, at very low rates.

WORKSHOPS.

The Workshops on the Premises, both at Aberdeen and Whampoa, possess every appliance necessary for the Repairs of Ships or Steam Machinery. The Engineers' Shops are supplied with Lathes, Planing, Screwing, Cutting, Punching Machines, &c., &c., capable of executing work on the largest scale and driven by Steam. The Shipwrights' and Blacksmith's shops are equally well supplied with plant, and the work is entirely carried under the Supervision of experienced Europeans.

Powerful Lifting Shears stand on a Jetty, alongside which vessels can lie in 24 feet water, and take in or out boilers, masts, &c.

BOILERMAKERS' DEPARTMENT.

The Company in addition to executing Repairs are prepared to tender for supplying new Boilers to Steam-ships, for constructing which they have great facilities.

FOUNDRY.

Iron and Brass Castings, either for Ships or general purposes, are executed with the utmost despatch.

STORES.

The Company's Stores will (when required) supply at moderate rates all the necessaries for Shipwork, such as Paint, Copper, Canvas, &c.

STEAM TUG.

The Company's powerful Steam TUG *Nimrod*, (110 Horse-power nominal) is always in readiness to Tow sailing vessels from Hongkong to the Dock *free of charge*, and will take them back or to Sea at reduced Rates.

For further particulars apply at the Offices of the Company, *1 Pedder Street*, Hongkong.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary*.

N.B.—*The Consignees or Master of any Vessel having reason to complain of the work done in the Docks, or in any way repairing the Dock arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject,—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.*

Hongkong, 21st October, 1866.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully beg to call the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters, to their Establishments at HONGKONG and WHAMPOA, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIR of vessels of all classes.

Their Docks in Whampoa, which comprise four, have been in successful operation for the last Twelve Years, and are now in good Working Condition.

The Docks are pumped out by a Steam Pump in Five hours and are capable of taking in Vessels drawing 15½ feet at Spring Tides.

The WORKSHOPS comprise the different Departments of the Shipwright, Blacksmith, Boiler Maker, and Sawyer—possessing all the necessary appliances for the Repairs of Ships, Steamers, and Steam Machinery.

The STORES in the different Departments consist of the best Materials, which can be supplied to Vessels on the most reasonable Terms.

A JETTY, with a powerful *Lifting* Shears, alongside of which Vessels can lie and take out Masts, Boilers, &c.

A STEAM TUG always in readiness to Tow Vessels to the Docks, free of charge, and will tow them back to anchorage or to sea at Reduced Rates.

All Works carried on under the superintendence of experienced Europeans.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office, Pedder's Wharf, Praya, Hongkong.

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary*.

N.B.—The Consignees or Masters of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the Work done in the Docks, or in any way repairing the Dock arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject, when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1865.

DANES ISLAND DOCKS, WHAMPOA.

CONVENIENT AT COW & CO.

ONE Dock, 240 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 14 feet at Spring Tides.

One Dock, 160 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet at Spring Tides.

There are Houses at both Docks for the accommodation of Captains and Crews of Vessels.

All kinds of Ship Carpenter and Blacksmith's Work done.

The Large Dock pumped out by an Engine.

The Proprietors beg to notify the Merchants, Ship Owners, and Captains, that their charges for Docking are lower than any in China.

No Commission charged upon any Metal or Stores supplied by the Ship.

Apply to

JOHN RIACH & Co., *Hongkong*, or to
ALEXR. MORRISON, *Hongkong, Whampoa*.

Hongkong, 4th September, 1863.

FOOCHOW GRANITE FLOORED DOCK.

THE above DOCK has been in full working order for the last eighteen months, length 200 feet, width at bottom 40 feet, depth of water on the Sill, Springs average 17 feet, Neaps 14 feet.

The Dock is ordinary tides runs dry to the Blocks, and is pumped out by steam. The charges are as follows: The day of commencing two following days, One Hundred Dollars for the regular will be charged; beyond that period each day 10 cents per register ton.

LABOR.—European Foreman per day $3.00
Canton " " " 1.25
Chinese Carpenter " " 75
Foochow " " 45

For further particulars as to the price of Copper ing, &c., &c., &c., apply to

T. D. T. TELMASSE, Esq., Messrs. DE SILVER & Co., Hongkong.
ROBERT ADAMS, Esq., Messrs. NICHOLSON & BOYD, Shanghai.
Or to the Undersigned.

In connection with the above is the powerful Twin Screw Tug *Wansang*. Vessels requiring the service of this Tug, either from Matsau (where a splendid anchorage will be found during the S. W. Monsoon) or from the White Dock, can obtain them at moderate rates, on application to

JOHN C. SKEY, *Manager*.
Pagoda Anchorage, River Min.

No percentage charged upon the labor, but a charge of 10 per cent. will be made on all materials supplied, otherwise than by the Dock.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Manila.—Per *Santa Ana*. To-day, the 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

The delivery of the Daily Press from the office commenced on Saturday morning at 10.10, and the last messengers left the office at 10.35.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, FEBRUARY 24, 1868.

WITHOUT pretending to understand the inner satisfaction which ships of war derive from firing off their guns we are disposed to think a few words on the subject of salutes, called for in the interests of the "long shore" community. To a man with a perfectly healthy mind and body, a salute from the harbour is rather gratifying than otherwise. It is a pretty sight to see the sharp, fierce jets of smoke darting out, now from one side of a ship, now from the other; and the momentary bursts of sound are exhilarating to the system, always provided, as we say, that the system is in a healthy state. The senses are, in their normal condition, favourably disposed for exercise, and beneath the superincumbent weight of civilised custom there lies a craving in most of us, more or less dormant, for noise. What a bright light is to the eye, the sound of artillery is to the ear. One could go on listening with interest to salutes for a long time, if only for the sake of trying to find some descriptive combination of letters which represents the sound. The commonplace words are all equally inapplicable. "Bang" is appropriate to a Chinese gong, but to nothing else. "Rattle," which has sometimes been applied to artillery by feeble versifiers in search of a rhyme to battle, is out of the running altogether. Boom has a good deal to say for itself, but is suggestive of too prolonged a noise, and the great peculiarity of the sound produced by firing a gun is its instantaneous duration. It is a momentary sound, which lasts no longer than a flash of lightning, and is simply prolonged by the echoes which go on grumbling, as a rule, for a few seconds afterwards. Report is not a bad word, but it only fits the sound of small arms. Thunder is not descriptive, though a peal of thunder is not unlike the sound of a big gun fired amongst hills where the echoes are very complete and numerous. By way of imparting interest to the next salute, we recommend our readers to take the successive explosions into consideration, and try—though they will inevitably fail—to spell them.

But this is beside the point which we wished to bring forward. It will be seen that in saying anything against salutes, we are not writing under the morbid influence of headaches, or vindictively in any way. Quite the reverse; but, although salutes may be as gratifying to the ear as sunlight to the eye, it should be remembered that in one important respect, amongst others, sound differs from light. If anyone is too ill to enjoy his usual allowance of sunlight, he can shut his shutters, draw down blinds, and sit in the dark if he likes, but there is no way of keeping out the sound of salutes from the houses of a town on a steppihillside, when they are fired out of big guns, only a few hundred yards distant. Whether the residents of Hongkong are well or ill if salutes are fired in the harbour, they cannot choose but hear; and this may be a greater evil now and then, than naval warriors, who, by force of habit, may be lulled to sleep by heavy ordnance, can conceive. Imagine if a man in a brain fever, unable to close his eyes, were put in the sunshine! It might be murder, and in a minor degree, heavy firing in their immediate neighbourhood, might be death to some sick patients. We are not merely supposing cases. We have heard of many here in which the constant salutes going forward have been dreaded as a positive source of danger to delicate invalids. Most of the doctors here, probably, if they had the power, would cut an absolute stop to firing in the harbour. It might be difficult to go so far as that, but no reasonable man can deny that a great deal more powder is burned in the harbour than there is any need for. To begin with, those single guns, which go off at stated hours, are most of them, unnecessary. They are entirely useless as records of time, because before they are fired, time has to be "reported," and authorised by the officer on duty, during which process some seconds are lost. Moreover, the sound takes some seconds in coming on shore, and no one knows exactly how long, so that there is no such thing as setting a clock or a watch by the time guns. Even if there were, people do not want to set their watches five or six times a day, and guns are going off at intervals, perpetually during some hours of the day, not to mention the night, towards the close of which, some unearthly cannon is fired, for what reason, we are at a loss to imagine. To us, it seems that life would be possible without any of these time guns; but if the traditions of the naval service would be too deeply outraged by the omission of the twelve o'clock gun, one might make a compromise and accept that as a necessary evil, provided the rest could be abolished. The argument about finding it necessary to exercise men in firing guns really will not work as applied to time guns. Look for instance at that miserable explosion at half-past five a.m.! Does any man mean to say that it is necessary to the efficiency of Her Majesty's navy that her seamen should be practically reminded of their gun-drill in the middle of every night, at that supernatural hour? Tell it to the marines!

But in reference to salutes, the difficulty in the way of their abolition is nothing less than the custom of nations. It would take half a century to establish all over the world any new system of exchanging courtesies afloat. It would be just as impossible to make people who talk the English language give up the practice of saying "How do you do?" when they meet, and adopt some other mode of greeting, though looked at from a philosophical point of view that inquiry as a rule is irrelevant and absurd. Foreign ships of war will come here inevitably, and on entering the harbour they will let off their guns in an inconsiderately courteous manner, whereupon it is necessary that an English man-of-war should make as much noise as possible in reply, or else it would be thought that news had just come in by the mail of hostilities with the country to which the foreigner might belong. It is profoundly ridiculous in the abstract, but so are many customs which have to be followed. Nevertheless, one thing might be done, and truly the naval authorities are incurring a heavy responsibility if they do not take this possibility into consideration. All salutes might be fired from the broadside of any ship turned away from the town for the time being, and the charges used here in saluting might be reduced. The difference in the town between the sound of guns fired towards and away from the Peak, is something enormous, and the rules of international politeness cannot necessitate the infliction of the maximum, instead of the minimum amount of suffering connected with saluting on residents in Hongkong.

By the mail we learn that General Amiral, the late Governor of Macao has been made Minister of Marine in a new Ministry just formed in Portugal.

It is now stated, "that a further reference to Hongkong has been found necessary, before a decision can be arrived at in the case between the Chief Justice of Hongkong and Mr. Pollard, Q.C., who returns to Hongkong by an early mail."

MR. STEPHEN MASSETT.—It will be seen by the advertisement in another column that this gentleman will give his final Entertainment in Hongkong to-night, at the Lusitano Theatre. Mr. Massett comes here highly recommended by complimentary notices in the London and American papers.

The Colonial Surgeon's reports of the health of Hongkong for the year just past has been published in the *Gazette*, and is a very elaborate and extensive document. The report itself occupies over four closely printed pages of the *Gazette*, and appended to it are eleven pages of full and elaborate tables giving all the statistics it is possible for the medical mind to invent or conceive in connection with the health of, or perhaps more properly the disease, of a colony like Hongkong.

Supreme Court, Feb. 18th.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

BEFORE CHIEF JUSTICE SHARP.

In re THE BANKRUPTCY OF DENT & OTHERS.

Ex parte THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

The Chief Justice delivered the following decision:—

The questions now before me in the Bankruptcy Jurisdiction of the Court arise upon a petition in which the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation prays the Court to grant the order made on the 6th of December last, whereby John Dent, Francis Chomley, Henry William Dent, Alexander Turnins, and Hans Peter Hansen were adjudicated Bankrupts.

I postponed my decision until after another petition by a Banking Company, having a similar object and raising some of the same questions as are involved in this petition, should be heard. I have therefore had the benefit of the arguments on that petition also.

The Acting Attorney-General was in support of the petition; Mr. Whyte appeared to argue the validity of the adjudication.

I have very anxiously considered the questions raised. The decision must be according to the law of Bankruptcy and Insolvency, as created by the Bankruptcy Ordinance 1864—a most imperfect Code, for which no one in this Colony is answerable. It was drawn and settled in England.

I confess my inability with any certainty to decide whether any, or if any, how much of the old Law or Equity and practice of Bankruptcy in England is to be considered as Law in this Colony.

THE FACTS AS TO THE DEBT AND THE BANKRUPTCY.

To proceed to the facts:. Happens that Mr. Francis Chomley, one of the Bankrupts, had been Chairman of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, Limited, from the commencement of its operations, certainly some months prior to June, 1865, and hence until some time in 1866.

On his retirement Mr. John Dent, another of the Bankrupts, succeeded him as Chairman of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, Limited, and continued until it ceased to exist, which it appears to have done on the passing of the Ordinance next referred to.

By Ordinance No. 5 of 1866, passed on the 14th of August, 1866, called the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Ordinance, the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation was incorporated. Mr. John Dent's name appears in the Ordinance as the first of a list of persons forming the Body so incorporated, and he became the Chairman of the Corporation, and he so continued till the month of February, 1867, when he resigned his office as a Director.

The Company Limited had a branch at Shanghai and the Bankrupts had also a Mercantile Branch there; and in May or June, 1866, the Branch Bank there sued to "Dent and Co." there (being the Bankrupts, including Mr. Francis Chomley, the then Chairman, and a Director of the Company Limited), a sum of 100,000 Taels in hard cash; but neither Mr. Chomley, nor Mr. Dent, was then in Shanghai; and on the latter of June, Dent and Co., the Bankrupts, gave a promissory note for that sum payable to the Company Limited, or order, on the 1st of June, 1867, and at the same time they gave another promissory note to the same purport for 11,000 Taels, being the interest on the loan.

To the Articles of Association of the Company Limited, which lent the money, dated the 31st of January, 1865, I refer as a Director is not authority to pay over Director to accept, nor for his fellow Directors to allow, any loan to him. As between the shareholders and them, they were trustees to use the Capital for Banking purposes within which this loan did not properly come. I cannot see anything in the Deed to authorise the loan, or to protect the then Directors from liability to the general shareholders for any loss arising from that transaction. Was it not an unauthorised putting of the shareholders' money by the Directors into the pocket of one of themselves, subject of being an authorised Banking transaction? And did not the transaction convert Mr. Chomley, and afterwards Mr. Dent, as the Chairman, from being trust of the Directors into being powerless to prevent similar or the most imprudent loans to any other persons his co directors might choose? I am bound to add that I believe that neither Mr. Chomley, nor Mr. Dent, nor any Director saw the effect of the transaction, and I do not impute improper motives to any gentleman; but the transaction raised on the petition necessitates my returning to the view of the transaction, and of the consequences flowing from the loan.

(A) In June, 1867, the money promised in the two notes to be paid became payable. The firm was, and had been (I must assume from before the money was advanced), insolvent; in fact, on the two notes were not paid.

On the 20th of June, 1867, certain proceedings in an action at Common Law in the name of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation were taken, and in the absence of any appearance by either of the Bankrupts judgment was signed for $18,788, with $40 costs, and execution issued; this writ was given to the Sheriff, but further proceedings were stayed, except subject to the order of this Court by notice of the pendency of the petition in Bankruptcy.

In June, 1867, Mr. John Dent was the only representative of the bankrupt firm in this colony, and on the 29th of that month Mr. Gomez, a creditor to an adequate amount, petitioned this court for an adjudication against the bankrupts. Mr. Gaskell, as solicitor for all the bankrupts, appeared for them, and thus they submitted themselves to the jurisdiction of this court. A memorandum to this effect was signed by him, and placed on the file of proceedings upon which, and upon Mr. Pollard's affidavit by Mr. Pollard that Mr. Dent only was in the colony, and that some of the bankrupts resided in Great Britain, and others in Shanghai, I adjourned the adjudication for five months from the 29th of June, 1867, in order that each of the bankrupts might, by a period with notice under the provisions of section 10 of Ordinance No. 5, of 1864, and might have such opportunity of objecting to the adjudication as is provided by the Ordinance.

I have remark that this provision—this indulgence to creditors—is in England in favor of non-traders only. It creates most prejudicial delay as applied to traders, especially in such a colony as this, where some of the partners in large firms are as a rule absent.

On the expiration of the five months proof was given before me of the notice contained with the provisions set in section 10 by personal service of notice on each bankrupt in England and Shanghai; two acts of bankruptcy were deposed to; all the Bankrupts by their counsel, and solicitor appear, and admitted and ratified and confirmed these acts and submitted to the Jurisdiction of this Court, and asked to be adjudicated Bankrupts on these acts, and they were thereupon adjudicated Bankrupts. (A.)

Upon the present petition to annul that adjudication three questions arise:—

First,—Is the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation such a creditor as to be entitled to petition to annul the adjudication?

Secondly,—Are the allegations in the petition sufficient, is the evidence given in support thereof, such that the proper parties been brought before the Court?

Thirdly.—Is either of the two acts of Bankruptcy relied on a good and sufficient act of Bankruptcy as against all the Bankrupts?

NOW AS TO THE FIRST QUESTION.—*Has the Corporation a locus standi in case on this petition?*

I have already stated that the loan to Mr. Chomley, or to Mr. Dent, though as one of a partnership, *in ative ever* of the Directors as against the shareholders. Was it, not also, legally speaking, not implying any intentional impropriety in bad faith towards every person who became a Creditor of "Dent & Co., after this large loan of 100,000 Taels?

By renouncing Mr. Dent or Mr. Chomley to be a Director, the Corporation gave notice to the world that his firm could not be a Debtor to the Corporation upon a loan direct to him and his partners; on the contrary, the Company held out the inference that he was not a Director the corner of unencumbered shares and therefore a quasi creditor of, not a Debtor to the Company Limited.

Moreover, the Company Limited, printed and circulated their Deed of Association, now before me, in which I find no authority to the Directors to borrow the money of the Company Limited, but which, by clause 67, provides that no person shall be a Director, unless he be the holder, in *his own right*, of fifty shares at the least, and clause 21 gives the fullest lien on shareholders' shares for liabilities and contingencies to the Company Limited.

If then a merchant trading with Dent & Co., gave additional credit to the firm, because one of its members was the chairman of the Directors, and as such, a *quasi* creditor, who as such could not be debtor to the Company Limited, by virtue of its constitution; if the Company Limited created and held out to the world that Mr. Chomley, or Mr. Dent, as a fit person to be chairman of the Directors, whereas, he was disqualified, (and no one can say how many persons have been so deceived,) does it not follow that the Act of 1861, (S. 36), bankruptcy has ensued to be a crime in England. Concerted acts of bankruptcy have been sanctioned by Law. Petitions by traders asking to be adjudicated bankrupts have been authorised. I may say invited, and a trader hopelessly insolvent who stood by, and by not petitioning the Court voluntarily allowed one Creditor to swallow up any large portion of his assets to the injury of the general body of creditors would incur blame, it may be even more serious consequences. The reason for the rule of decision has passed away in this Court to take up the dead body of the letter of the old decisions when the spirit and reason are gone?

Mr. Whyte, among other valuable arguments, suggested that the acts of Bankruptcy, by Mr. John Dent, the sole acting partner had been as soon as possible ratified by all the absent partners. They had all been duly served with the petition in Bankruptcy, as was proved by sufficient affidavits, and at the end of five months, no fault, no cause shown for them to show cause why they should not be adjudicated Bankrupts, they appeared by their solicitor, Mr. Gaskell, who, by written minute signed on the file for them, submitted to the jurisdiction of the court, and by Mr. Whyte, as their counsel before me, they adopted and ratified the acts of Bankruptcy by Mr. Dent, and asked that they all might be declared Bankrupts. I know of no case in which adjudication was granted on such a ratification, which has been questioned. Brown's Legal Maxims, page 776, of the edition of 1868 *Omnis ratihabitio retrahitur et mandato priori equiparatur*, which certain Mr. Brown shows applies to torts or offences, as well as to mere contracts.

Would not the Courts in England upon prior to 1849, any even before 1815, with such distinct authority and ratification, have held the act of Bankruptcy by one binding on these partners 10,000 miles away, with such a confirmation as an exception to the general, it is not an universal rule?

But, it may with much effect be suggested, that none of the principles of the Bankruptcy Law of England, as founded on old statutes, were ever in force in this Colony. This question arises out of the constitution of this Colony.

By Ordinance No. 3 of 1865 (explained by No. 1 of 1847, section 3), the Laws of England up to the 5th April, 1843, are declared to be in force, except where the enactment is inapplicable to the local circumstances of the Colony, or of its inhabitants.

English Bankruptcy Law was never in force in this colony. Identity of name does not create identity of character. In 1849 a general Insolvency Ordinance, No. 3, was passed, to which the English Bankruptcy Law was inapplicable so far as it freed the debtor until 1849 that was the only law affecting all debtors unable to meet their engagements.

The Bankruptcy Ordinance of 1864 is but a shred. If I may so term it, of the great whole constituting bankruptcy in England, thus altered being altered. Bankruptcy was never a crime in this colony, can therefore statutes founded on a crime in England be binding here?

Again, the English Bankruptcy Law comes within the exception in the Ordinance No. 3, of 1865; it is inapplicable to this colony.

Here it is the rule that of all our great Mercantile Houses some of the partners are absent, and one only of the partners resides within the Colony. Thus, Mr. John Dent, was for a large time in the colony resident partner. If the old English rule, that one partner cannot commit an act of bankruptcy for the firm to save its assets for equal distribution, prevails here then as to four-fifths of the property in trade here the Bankruptcy Ordinance of 1864 is a dead letter, and the first creditor who hastens to get priority by indigment can now, as it feel he did prior to February 1867, sweep off the assets.

The presumption as to the power of managing resident partners here may well differ from the presumption as to such powers in England with reference to becoming bankrupt.

Surely it is to be here presumed that whenever the honor of a firm is at stake, one partner was present, and that the act of bankruptcy, in order to secure the equitable division of this firm's assets among the creditors, especially as to this case all the partners have by their coming in by their counsel and attorney before adjudication petitioned the act of bankruptcy, by Mr. Dent, and asked to be made bankrupts.

On a question similar to that now before me, Sir Edward Hornby, Chief Judge of H.B.M. Supreme Court at Shanghai, sitting in bankruptcy in *re* Dent and Others (the bankrupts here being also bankrupts there), is reported to have said in reference to what acts by one partner bound his absent copartners, "Perhaps it would be more correct to say that the words must be one *intimately connected with* the business, rather than it must be one *necessary to the carrying on of the business*."

I concur in this distinction drawn by the learned judge, applying it as he did to the circumstances of Shanghai, and equally applicable here.

Whether there are recent decisions in English Bankruptcy jurisdiction, I am unfortunately, are unable to ascertain. So little has the Ordinance of 1864 been acted on, that not one of the series of authorised reports in Bankruptcy from Deacon and Ellis and Ellis, and Deacon downwards, is to be found in the colony, and the other contemporary reports as to Bankruptcy cases are meagre and few. (B)

On the whole, I am of opinion that this petition must be dismissed, and with costs.

On Mr. Whyte, having objected, that the petition was defective in not stating the petitioner's title as petition, on the authority of *Ex parte Fidgly*, the Acting Attorney-General asked leave to amend the petition by inserting a proper allegation in this respect, and said that if I held the objection valid, he would be a dead letter. I refuse him leave to amend on a point so merely technical. I decline to give such permission; my reason was that as no human being could doubt that a valid Bankruptcy was intended by all the partners, and that any petition against it was not of substance but technical, so it seemed to me that this petition seeking to take advantage of a forgotten technical objection was not to be aided in curing a technicality by this Court.

I considered the attempt to be one contrary to the object of Bankruptcy, equity, and equality amongst all the Creditors, inconsistent with the dignity of a wealthy Corporation and contrary to that confidence in which ought rather to prevail on occasions of wide-spread calamities, such as we witness in these, blessed times.

If we have been enough if I had merely given my decision; but considering the very large pecuniary interests and the important legal questions, I think it my duty, being compelled unwillingly to decide these questions, to give some of my reasons at large.

CRIMINAL SESSION.—FEB. 22ND.

The February sessions were continued on Saturday morning, before the following jury:—W. Schmidt, G. B. Aylmore, L. P. Ward, J. da Silveira, F. Marriner, A. Jorge, N. Moss.

PERJURY.

Luey-yook-fei, alias Luey-a-tong, was first placed at the bar, charged with the above offence, on which charge he was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

The Attorney-General briefly defined what constituted perjury, what was necessary in order to prove it, and explained the nature of the charge against the prisoner. It appears that on the 11th of January an action was brought in the Summary Jurisdiction Court by Lauey-yook-tie, plaintiff, to recover the sum of $500 on two promissory notes, claimed to have been given by the then defendant and now prisoner, on account of money lent him by plaintiff, and that in that action the prisoner set up as a special defence that he was not the person who had signed the notes, and that his name was not Luey-yook-tie, but Luey-a-tong, and it was on these allegations claimed to be false that he had been committed for the present trial.

Mr. Whyte, bracketed by Mr. Caldwell, appeared for the prisoner, and took objection to the form of the information. It was specially set out in the ordinance that informations for perjury should be in writing, and should set forth the particulars of the charge against the prisoner, and this had not been done in the present instance, and he therefore submitted that the information was bad.

The Attorney-General replied that it had always been the practice of the court to make the information simply charge the prisoner with perjury. The same objection had repeatedly been taken on similar occasions, but the practice of the court always been adhered to and the objection overruled.

The objection was not sustained, but the Chief Justice said he would order if Mr. Whyte so wished it, that further particulars of the charge be given according to section 3 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1865.

Mr. Whyte said he would take such particulars.

The Attorney-General said it was too late the application ought to have been made before.

The Chief Justice said the wording of the ordinance was, "when it shall appear to the court to be necessary to do so." he therefore had the authority at any time, and he thought Mr. Whyte should have such particular now.

The court was accordingly adjourned for an hour, and on the court resuming, the following particulars of the charge were read:—First, that prisoner denied having signed the two notes in question; second, that he was not Luey-yook-fei; and thirdly, that he had stated that Wong-cheong-yin and the old woman had actually called upon the *bona fide* Luey-yook-fei, and had stated that the old woman had actually lent money to this prisoner before he went to Shanghai.

The Attorney-General then proceeded to call the witnesses for the prosecution.

R. J. Rozario, deposed that in the Court of Summary Jurisdiction, deposed that in the case between Wong-cheong-yin and the prisoner, who was then defendant, the prisoner was declared, and admitted, to be the person who signed the notes on the notes was his name or his signature. He had seen the notes but had not given either of them to anyone. He admitted that he had commenced an action in his office, but he had not put it on the documents. He further said that the person named in the notes, Luey-yook-fei, had been in Shanghai, but he had formerly been in the same employ as himself. That the plaintiff Wong-cheong-yin had been, in company with a witness then present, to Luey-yook-fei, and said the payment of these two notes, they knew that he was about going to Shanghai.

Cross-examined by Mr. Whyte.—This happened on the two notes to be appear to him to be the same handwriting. The small note is not signed, but only the words "Compradore's Room", written at the foot. There are two seals on each note, but they are not alike the same. Before the prisoner was declared witness said to him, "If you wish to make your statement on oath you can do so". The special defence filed agrees very near with the prisoner's statement in each case.

Wong-cheong-yin, a student at St. Paul's College, declared that he was plaintiff in a suit brought in the Summary Court on the 14th of January last. Prisoner was defendant, and is the man who borrowed money from him. He paid the interest once or twice to me in person, paid the interest once or twice to me in person, and the principal himself and sometimes I went for him by the old woman. The first payment was 8th September, 1863, $4.00, made by prisoner himself. Witness is twenty years of age, lives with his mother, and the old woman, who has been his nurse since he was a child. She has had charge of his affairs. Witness is not possessed of much property. He never demanded payment of these notes from my person personally, but he had sent the old woman.

Cross examined by Mr. Whyte.—His father lives at Singapore, has been there since witness was seven years of age. Witness has since been living with his mother. Old woman is not his relation, but a servant. The money was lent in the first note, $100, he had made by copying English. He had also sometimes given him, when he was young, and this money he had also lent. The old woman brought him the first note. He himself did not see prisoner until the first payment. Witness was 17 years of age. He had $71.50 interest on the first note. He knew no other man named Luey-yook-fei except the prisoner.

Chun-a-chow, the old woman, deposed that she, a compradore, last witness' nurse, had managed his affairs for him. She had paid the first $100 to prisoner herself, and got from him a note. She knew prisoner was employed on the Rice Mills. She saw them twice repeatedly and asked for interest on the borrowed money. He had paid in all about $40 interest, and had repeatedly been asked for further payments, but always put them off. When she went to the Rice Mills she always inquired for Luey-fei, and always saw the prisoner. When the notes were signed they were delivered to prisoner, and sealed by him. She never went to any person but the prisoner to ask for payment of the money. She never knew any person named Luey-yook-fei, the prisoner was the only person, and he was the first transaction. The money belonged to Wong-cheong-yin's mother, but mother and son are the same.

Cross-examined by Mr. Whyte.—She had known prisoner by the name of Luey-a-tong. Everyone knew him by that name. She never knew any person named Luey-yook-fei except the prisoner. Witness went to me to collect the interest there was always some one else present. Wong-cheong-yin was not present when prisoner came to ask for the first loan. His mother was present. A few days after, prisoner came took the dollars to prisoner's room at the Rice Mills, and got the note. She saw him sign the name, Luey-yook-fei, but at the same time knew him by the name of Luey-a-tong. The note was for one month. The first payment of interest was made about two months after the note was made. After this payment was made, prisoner issued a small book, and about ten dollars more was entered in this. Prisoner never told her that the money was lent to another man but himself. Wong-cheong-yin was the son of Mr. Ma-cheong, who was not now in the colony. He had been compradore some years ago. The money lent belonged to the family. Witness had been in the family as a servant for over twenty years.

D. R. Caldwell deposed He was present when Wong-cheong-yin the Summary Court was brought. He seen the notes in question, and they had been in his possession some four months before the action was brought. He received some instructions from the then plaintiff, Wong-cheong-yin, from whom he had received the notes, and in consequence of them he sent for the prisoner. He came, and he told him he was instructed to demand of him the sum of $500, with interest, and he had not wish to go to law about it, he would save much expense if he settled it now. Prisoner said it was a hard case, he had borrowed the money for Mr. Ladd, as he was called upon by Mr. Ladd to make advances for carrying on the business. Mr. Ladd had failed, and he could make no recovery for the money. Prisoner asked witness if he could not see Wong-cheong-yin and make some arrangement with him as the interest was very high. Whereon had a number of conversations with prisoner, but he had never denied having signed the notes. Prisoner had offered to pay witness if he could secure his services to sue Mr. Ladd, in order to recover the money, and liquidate this claim. Never had said anything about his not having signed the note. The first time he ever heard this denial of the signature was when the defence was set up in the Summary Court. Had seen prisoner twice since his commitment. At these conversations witness advised him to plead guilty, as it was generally acknowledged that he had stated what was false. Prisoner said nothing in reply to this.

Cross-examined by Mr. Whyte.—He had been engaged to sue Ladd, but the first time he knew that this prisoner was called Luey-a-tong was at the summary Jurisdiction Court. Had seen the prisoner for four or five years, but had never met him before nor known his name until in reference to this transaction. Prisoner never admitted to witness that he had signed these notes. Only one name was signed. The seals on the notes are not the same. All four impressions are in the ancient character, called the "seal character." On another are different. The "seal character." Only experts understand these seals. No reference made to witness respecting bill.

This concluded the case for the Crown.

Mr. Whyte then opened the case for the defence. He admitted the definition of perjury given by the Attorney-General at the beginning of the case in its fullest extent, and the application of the law of perjury; but in this case he denied that his client had been guilty of perjury at all. The statements his client had made were not false, and the special defence set up in the Summary Court was the one they now depended upon, as in that case. From the particulars given by the Attorney-General of the charge against the prisoner, he submitted that Mr. Caldwell was not in any way competent to give evidence in this case. The first of these was that prisoner had not signed the notes, and Mr. Caldwell had positively said, in his examination, that prisoner had never admitted to him at any time that he had signed either of the notes, and accordingly how could he (Mr. Caldwell) give any material evidence on the point. Again the second charge was that prisoner said his name was not Luey-yook-fei, but Luey-a-tong, and yet Mr. Caldwell had said that he never knew the prisoner, except by sight, until this case came up, and that even then he had never heard the prisoner address that his name to be Luey-yook-fei, and had never seen him if such was his name. Thirdly, the last charge was that prisoner had stated that the old woman and Wong-cheong-yin had visited Luey-yook-fei in company before he left for Shanghai, and demanded the money. This Mr. Caldwell knew nothing about, and consequently he submitted that Mr. Caldwell was not competent to give any material evidence in the case. Mr. Whyte then went on to call the witnesses for the defence. His client was a student resident in this colony, a man of experience, and one who knew what he was doing when he made a declaration in a court of justice, and was it to be supposed that a man of this respectability would knowing what he was about, wilfully commit a perjury for the sake of a few hundred dollars. The case of the defence was that the prisoner had a partner named Luey-tho, and he was the party who had actually borrowed the money, and who now owed it. This man, however, went to Shanghai, and prisoner had since paid some of the interest, because the debt had been contracted by his partner, and he had found perhaps to pay some of the interest, hoping to induce Mr. Ladd to have the money funded, but that prisoner had never borrowed the money he would be able to abundantly prove. The very man who was present when the old woman and Luey-yook-fei came to demand the money of the *bona fide* Luey-fei, he before he went to Shanghai, he would put in the box, and he would corroborate the statements of their defence. He was quite sure when the jury had heard the evidence for the defence they would acquit the prisoner. He then called the first witness.

Mr. R. J. Hazeland, who deposed that he had known prisoner for some time. Had been his attorney on two occasions on a different occasion. Prisoner was then suing Mr. Ladd, and did so in the name of Luey-a-tong.

Luey-a-tong declared he was formerly employed at the Rice Mills as house servant. In the month of July, 1866, he knew that the prisoner had a partner and that that partner went to Shanghai. During this month he saw Wong-cheong-yin, the old woman, the prisoner, and another person in the compradore's room at the Rice Mills. Wong-cheong-yin said to Luey-yook-fei "You have had this money so long you had better pay me now." Luey-yook-fei replied to them that "he had just returned from his native place and had not a cash. He had been to Canton to try his way to Shanghai. Had known the prisoner for several years, and always by the name of Luey-a-tong."

Cross-examined.—Was himself committed for perjury in this case. He had heard, since the 21st or 22nd of July, 1865, that Luey-yook-fei was in Shanghai. Witness knew he went to Shanghai on the 27th or 28th of that month, because his clan brother's birthday was on that day.

A. D. Mitchel declared: The prisoner had been in his employment for about four years. He left about six weeks ago. Had always known him as Luey-a-tong. Had entrusted him with very large sums of money. Had never had occasion to doubt his honesty.

Cross-examined.—The interpreter heard prisoner called by only other name than Luey-a-tong. There was no such person as Luey-yook-fei in the Rice Mills, that he knew of. The compradore had assistants, but he did not know their names of any of them.

Wong-wo-yei declared he had known prisoner for about a year by the name of Kin-sum. He never knew him by any other name.

In summing up, Mr. Whyte remarked that it was entirely a question of evidence, and it was entirely for the jury to weigh this, he thought they could not but acquit the prisoner.

The

make some arrangement with him as the interest was very high. Witness had a number of conversations with prisoner, but he had ever denied having signed the notes. Prisoner had offered to pay witness if he could secure his services to sue Mr. Ladd, in order to recover the money, and liquidate this claim. Never had said anything about his not having signed the note. The first time he ever heard his denial of the signature was when the indictment was set up in the Summary Court. Had seen prisoner twice since his commitment. At these conversations witness advised him to plead guilty, as it was generally acknowledged that he had stated what was false. Prisoner said nothing in reply to this.

Cross-examined by Mr. Whyte.—He had been engaged to sue Ladd, but the first time he knew that the prisoner was called Lney-a-long was at the Summary Jurisdiction Court. Had seen the prisoner for four or five years, but had never rung him before nor known his name until in reference to this transaction. Prisoner never admitted to witness that he had signed these notes. Only one note is signed. The seals on the notes are not the same. All four impressions are in the ancient character, called the "goal character." On one they are diagonal, and the other not. Only experts under-lard these seals. No reference made to witness respecting bail.

This concluded the case for the Crown. Mr. Whyte then opened the case for the defence. He admitted the definition of perjury given by the Attorney-General at the beginning of the case to its fullest extent, and the application of the law of perjury; but in this case he denied that his client had been guilty of perjury at all. The statements his client had made were not false, and the special defence set up at the Summary court was the one they now depended upon, as in that case. From the particulars given by the Attorney-General of the charge against the prisoner, he submitted that Mr. Caldwell was not in any way competent to give evidence in this case. The first of these was that prisoner had not signed the notes, and Mr. Caldwell had especially said, in his examination, that prisoner had never admitted to him at any time that he had signed, either of the notes, and accordingly how could he be Mr. Caldwell, give any material evidence on the point. Again, the second charge was that prisoner had said his name was not Lney-foo-fee, but Lney-a-long, and yet Mr. Caldwell had said that he never knew the prisoner, except by sight, until this case came up, and that he was then he had never heard the prisoner admit his name to be Lney-yook-fee, and had never called him if such was his name. Thirdly, the last charge was that prisoner had stated that the old woman and Wong-cheung-yin had paid Lney-yook-fee in compact before he left for Shanghai, and demanded the money. This Mr. Caldwell knew nothing about, and consequently he submitted that Mr. Caldwell was not competent to give any material evidence in the case. Mr. Whyte then went on to tell the other witnesses. Hiselient was a well-to-do person in this colony, a man of experience, and one who knew what he was doing when he made a declaration in a court of justice, and was it to be supposed that a man of his respectability would, knowing what he was about, willfully commit a perjury for the sake of a few hundred dollars. The case of the defence was that the prisoner had a partner named Lney-foo-fee, and he was the party who had actually borrowed the money, and who now owed it. This man, however, went to Shanghai, and prisoner had since paid some of the interest, leaving the debt half been contracted by his partner, and he felt bound perhaps to pay some of the interest, hoping no doubt to have the money handed, but that prisoner had never borrowed the money he would be able to abundantly prove. The very man who was present when the old woman and Ing came to demand the money of this Lney-foo-fee Yook-fee before he went to Shanghai, he could prove in the box, and he would corroborate the statements of their defence. He was quite sure when the jury had heard the evidence for the defence they would acquit the prisoner. He then called the first witness.

Mr. E. J. Hatchard, who deposed that he had known prisoner for some time. Had been his attorney on two different occasions. Prisoner was then suing Mr. Ladd, and did so in the name of Lney-a-long.

Lee-a-cheong declared he was formerly employed at the Rice Mills as house servant. In the month of July, 1866, he knew that the prisoner had a partner and that he then went to Shanghai. During this month he saw Wong-cheung-yin, the old woman, the prisoner, and another person in the compradore's room at the Rice Mills. Wong-cheung-yin said to Lney-yook-fee "You have had this money so long you had better pay me now." Lney-yook-fee replied to them that "he had just returned from his native place and had not a cash. He had even to borrow to pay his way to Shanghai. He knew the prisoner for several years, and always by the name of Lney-a-long.

Cross-examined.—Was himself committed for perjury in this case. He had heard, since the 3rd or 4th of July, 1867, that Lney-yook-fee was in Shanghai. Witness knew he went to Shanghai on the 27th or 28th of that month, because his elder brother's birthday was on that day.

A. D. Mitchell declared: The prisoner had been in his employment for about four years. He left about six weeks ago. Had always known him as Lney-a-long. Had entrusted him with very large sums of money. Had never had occasion to doubt his honesty.

Cross-examined. Had never heard prisoner called by any other name than Lney-a-long. There was no such person as Lney yook-fee in the Rice Mills, that he knew of. The compradore had assistants, but he did not know the name of any of them.

Wong-ye-yui declared he had known prisoner for about a year by the name of Kinshan. He never knew him by any other name.

In answering up, Mr. Whyte remarked that it was entirely a question of evidence, and, weighing this, he thought they could not but acquit the prisoner.

The Attorney-General briefly replied, and

The Chief-Justice proceeded to charge the jury. This case was peculiar, and unlike any he had ever heard of, or known of in the box. Taking the very words used and denied on either side were corroborated by two witnesses in each case. Ten witnesses on each side weighed heavily against each other, in fact for the prosecution there were two who precisely substantiated what the other said, and for the defence there were two who substantiated each other; it was therefore for the jury to inquire upon which side there was evidence beyond this corroborative of the statements of the two witnesses, and which should be sufficient to make them credit and the other false. It was for the jury to put into the evenly-balanced scale of the evidence of those four witnesses, two on each side, the remaining evidence which they could weigh and see which down the balance, either for or against the prisoner. The Chief-Justice then reviewed the evidence at length, commenting upon it as he proceeded, and concluded strongly in favor of the prisoner.

At the conclusion, the Attorney-General asked His Lordship to put it to the jury that, although the defence had asserted that this man Lney-yook-fee was in existence, they had brought forward no witnesses who knew him, and the only evidence in defence that there was such a person was that of Lee-a-cheong.

His Lordship said that he would remark that there was rather too much evidence, since material to the case, that had not been brought forward, and he had seen places where witnesses could have been produced that would have very materially assisted the case on both sides. There were a number of witnesses who could have been brought forward that had not been heard.

The jury retired, and, after only a short interval, returned with a verdict of "Not guilty." The prisoner was accordingly discharged, and the court adjourned until this morning at ten o'clock.

Police Intelligence, February 21st.

BEFORE C. MAY, ESQ.

AN UNQUIET MIND.

Cheuk Kinlor Tak, a Mooman, charged another of the same persuasion with stealing

On the court being seated, he stated that the charge was taken from a mooman he visited yesterday evening in the time of the Chinese Exchange. He after a bit of consideration, said it took place last Sunday.

Mr. May discharged the case without any further leading, considering the date, as "last night" and "last Sunday" not being quite the sort of evidence to bring forward to constitute a charge of larceny.

Leung-yaw and another were charged by the complaint of a junk with having, on the 18th inst., taken from him six bales of opium.

It appears the junk, of which complainant is master, and another, were found by Inspector Gray in Stanley Bay, and both being unregistered, the inspector brought them round into the harbour, that he might take them before the Harbour-master. One Inkong was put on board each junk, to take charge while coming in, but on arrival the complainant charged the Inkong that was on board, with one of his crew, with stealing six bales of opium, which complainant stated he had concealed beneath some bundles of wood. The complainant endeavoured to explain the position in which he had secreted the bales of opium, and also said he had shown the inspector six more bales, which he had placed under some dried fish. The evidence gave was hardly satisfactory, as, in the first place, there was no proof of the opium ever having been in the spot, as stated by complainant, and then it would be hard to fix on the prisoners as the guilty parties. At the conclusion of the complainant's evidence, the interpreter (Chin-chui) was obliged to go down to the Supreme Court, and the case was put back until to-morrow.

STEALING A "ROOSTER."

Captain Otto Demsky, of the Siamese bark *Tek-cheong*, charged a seaman, named Casim, belonging to his ship, with stealing fowls from his vessel.

The manner in which the captain discovered his loss, was the disappearance of a remarkably fine "rooster," and having made some enquiries, the prisoner was mentioned to him as the thief; the prisoner confessed his guilt, offering to forfeit, but alleged that the cook of the vessel sold him the "rooster" for a dollar, and then, again, he said "he was hungry when he took the fowl, but he would not do so again."

Mr. May sent him to gaol for a month, with hard labour. Captain Demsky mentioned that his seaman was also implicated in the theft, so Mr. May recommended him to use his own judgment as to whether he would give the seaman in custody or not, which the captain promised to do.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

Arrival of the Mail.

The P. & O. steamer *Ripon*, arrived on Saturday afternoon about one o'clock, with the London mails of January 14th, and late telegrams to the 24th. These are as follows:—

LONDON, January 14th (Morning).

Advices received by telegraph from Alexandria state that Colonel Merewether has penetrated thirty miles beyond Senafe, and that he has found both water and grass abundant. The same advices also state that the Chief Wagoum Gobazy and King Theodorus are close to each other.

LONDON, January 15th (Morning).

Telegraphic advices received here from New York state that Mr. Stanton has been reinstated in the War office in accordance with a resolution passed by the Senate. General Grant retiring from the office. The House of Representatives has rejected the bill passed by the Senate, removing the tax on the cotton crop of 1868. The Cuba mail at the 22nd ult. arrived at Suez yesterday.

LONDON, January 15th (Afternoon).

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of Notes	£11,625,000
Bills Discounted	17,376,000 (?)
Bullion	22,125,000

LONDON, 17th January (Morning).

The *Morning Post* states that Mr. Childers has declined the post of Finance Minister for India, on account of family reasons. Advices received by telegraph from New York state that the Senate has suspended Mr. Secretary McCulloch's authority to contract the American currency. The Government of France is about to send three Officers to accompany the Abyssinian Expedition.

LONDON, 18th January.

The Liverpool Market closed active and advancing.

3 per cent Government securities	67
5 " " "	103
5½ " " "	108

LONDON, 20th January.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Sir Charles Trevelyan has written a decisive protesting against British intervention regarding Afghanistan, on Political, Commercial and Military Grounds, and arguing that an invader of that country would unite all parties against himself. He declares that the people of Afghanistan are eager for commerce, and advocates the opening of Railway communication, with special regard to her independence. He further recommends the abandonment of the plan of consolidation of the country under one monarchy. Very important Persian events have made matters melting the Editor of the *Troisquarts*, and the *man who fired the gunpowder* at Clerkenwell.

LONDON, 21st January.

The Times approves of the recommendations made by the Indian Furlough Committee.

LONDON, 22nd January.

Cable Telegrams inform us that the American Congress has passed a Bill transferring from President Johnson to General Grant the power of appointment to and removal from office, under the reconstruction Act. The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steadier.

LONDON, 23rd January.

At a banquet to the Cabinet, at Bristol, Sir John Pakington said that the army now was on its trial in Abyssinia, and that it was imperative on the part of Government to maintain the national defences unimpaired by a judicious economical administration. He also said that it was the duty of the Government to endeavour to keep peace with other nations. Lord Stanley hoped that Reform would be followed by extensive educational schemes. That Fenianism was only a temporary evil, and that England was never more willing than now to meet the just wishes of the Irish people, but that she would never consent to the disencumbrment of Ireland. The papers affirm the peaceful character of the Russian policy.

LONDON, 24th January.

Mr. Charles Kean is dead. It is reported on reliable authority that the Viceroy of Egypt intends withdrawing the majority of the Egyptian troops from Abyssinia, and leaving only a small garrison at Massowah. The Liverpool Cotton Market closed buoyant. 7½d. Shirtings 8 3; 40 Banner Hule Twist 11½.

LONDON, 25th January.

Latest Telegrams from New York state that Congress has requested President Johnson to intercede with the Queen of England to favor the Fenian Prisoners in Canada.

The pressure of local matter prevents us from giving any further home news by the present mail.

H.M.S.'s steamer *Argus*, Commander Nesbitt, from Chefoo, with dates to the 14th September, *en route* to Saigon, anchored in Singapore harbour on the 12th.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO CAPTAIN QUIN.—In the *China Express* we read that Captain Quin, of the Hongkong Police, has met with a serious accident: "While walking down London street, he went to look in the shop window of Mr. Kibble, the jeweller. In the front of Mr. Kibble's shop there is a raised stone stand. On leaving the window Captain Quin forgot the step down on the regular pavement, and fell very heavy, bruising his wrist, and receiving other severe contusions about the body. He was immediately taken into Mr. Kibble's, suffering under very great pain, and shortly afterwards on the arrival of his nephew, was conveyed in a cab to his residence in Circus street. We are glad to say that on making inquiries Captain Quin was progressing favourably, under the care of Dr. Purvis."

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

Hongkong, Saturday Evening.

There is no change to report in the Drug market. A small amount of business has been done in Benzoin. New Patna at $700, Bengal at $824, old Patna and Benares at $875, Malwa $725, at which the market closes weak, with a downward tendency.

Business has been exceedingly dull to-day, and very little is reported doing, either among the foreigners or Chinese. The arrival of the mail has doubtless effected this, more or less, but odds from even this influence, the depression of the last month or six weeks does not seem to have in any way been removed. The few sales in piece goods reported, embrace 750 pieces 4/4 Grey Shirtings at $2.5, 1,000 pieces at $2.87½, and 100 pieces Lastings at 31c. A small business is doing in produce, and sales include 500 picals Hides at $6.75, 50 picals Dead Lily Flowers at $11.50, 2 pieces Hankow Wax at $440 to $455, and 30 lades Vermicelli at $5.50. There is nothing to report in the other branches of trade.

SALES ON FEBRUARY 22ND, 1868.

As reported by Chinese.

Buffalo Hides, 60 picals, at $10.75, by Fook-mow-loong to travelling merchant.

Dried Lily Flowers, 30 picals, at $11.50, by Fook-mow-loong to travelling merchant.

Japan Gizzard, 2 picals, at $8.00, by Fook-mow-loong to travelling merchant.

Lead, 650 picals, at $6.93½ by foreign merchant to foreign merchant.

Cotton Yarn, 25 bales, at $135.00, by Bourjau Hubener & Co. to Kwan-fai.

White Wax, 1 piece, at $435.00, by Yee-shun to Canton merchant.

Dried Lily Flowers, 10 pack ges at $11.50, by Yee shun to Macao merchant.

Vermicelli, 30 bales, at $8.30, by Wo-fat to travelling merchant.

Potatoes Flour, 50 bales, at Tls. 1.2.0., by Wo-fat to travelling merchant.

White Wax, 1 piece, at $430.00, by Kwong-fook-wo to Hongkong merchant.

Hemp, 100 picals, at $4.55, by Kwong-fook-wo to travelling merchant.

Grey Shirtings, 750 pieces, at $2.75, by Bourjau Hubener & Co. to Kin-foong.

COMMERCIAL POSTSCRIPT.

Hongkong, February 22nd.

OPIUM.—Patna, Cash, none, $695; old, $680, sales.

Benares, Cash, new, $685; old, $650, sales.

Malwa, Cash, $720 to $720, sales.

On time, Patna, new, $695; old, $680; Malwa, 2nd Sales Patna, not opened; market upward tendency.

COTTON.—Bombay, none; Ningpo, none; Shanghai, &c., none; Bengal, $15 to $21, Bombay, $19 to $22, sales.

RICE.—Bengal and Manila, none; Saigon, Rangoon, &c., $1.45 to $2, sales.

EXCHANGE.—Bank Bills on Calcutta at 3 days' sight, 219 Rs., sales. On Bombay at 3 days' sight, 219 Rs., sales. On London at 6 months' sight, 4/2½, sales.

GOLD DRAFT.—$684.70, quoted.

Vessels on the Berth.

FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE A1 Clipper-ship

"ONWARD,"

William Whyte, Master, will be dispatched for the above ports at an early date; having the greater portion of her cargo engaged.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

HORMAJEE & Co.

tf 335 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

FOR MANILA.

THE A1 Spanish Brig

"VILLA DE RIVADARIA,"

Castille, Master, will have quick dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

tf 306 Hongkong, 22nd February, 1868.

FOR LONDON.

THE Fine A1 British Clipper-barque

"MONKTON STER,"

will have quick dispatch, having superior accommodation for a few first-class passengers.

Apply to the Captain on board, or to

OLYPHANT & Co.

1tw 347 Hongkong, 19th February, 1868.

FOR SAIGON.

THE A1 French Schooner

"HELENE,"

Meyeville, Master, will have immediate dispatch, and takes cargo at cheap rates. Apply to

CARGOWITZ & Co.

tf 340 Hongkong, 14th February, 1868.

FOR SYDNEY.

THE A1 French Clipper-barque

"COBAN,"

Capt. Hugues, will have early dispatch as above.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 329 Hongkong, 12th February, 1868.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE British ship

"CHELSEA,"

907 Tons Register, Lowe, Master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

HORMAJEE & Co.

tf 279 Hongkong, 11th February, 1868.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A1 French barque

"ARC EN CIEL,"

Capt. Inpartient, of 5,000 piculs carrying capacity. (Daily expected at Macao from Saigon.) Apply to

REYNYAAN BROTHERS & Co.

Agents for *Arc en Ciel*.

tf 348 Hongkong, 19th February, 1868.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

(*Australia preferred*)

THE A1 British Clipper-barque

"CLARA SAYERS,"

J. Brenner, Master, built by Hall, Aberdeen, 293 Tons Register. Apply to

CARLOWITZ & Co.

tf 336 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A1 British ship

"NEVILLE,"

715 Tons Register. Apply to

TURNER & Co.

tf 335 Hongkong, 18th February, 1868.

WANTED to engage the services of a respectable Woman, to take charge of a shop—good Salary will be offered to one well experienced in business. Address A. U., *Daily Press* Office.

tf 233 Hongkong, 4th February, 1868.

WILLIAM HOBSON & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SHIP BROKERS, AND AUCTIONEERS,

Osaka and Hiogo, Japan.

tf 99 14th January, 1868.

THE Office of the Undersigned is REMOVED to *Cargo Shed*, corner of *Lyndhurst Terrace*.

REYNYAAN BROTHERS & Co.

tf 5 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1868.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that the portion of *Robinson Road* which lies between *Castle Road* and *Bonham Road* is CLOSED to the Public from this date, during certain alterations and repairs.

By order,

W. WILSON,

Surveyor-General.

Surveyor-General's Office,

Hongkong, 17th December, 1867. 1tf 292

THE Undersigned have this day temporarily REMOVED their Business in the Premises formerly occupied by Messrs. REYNYAAN BROTHERS & Co., on the *Praya*, No. 17,—next to Messrs. BOWRA & Co.

PETERSEN BROTHERS & Co.

1m 212 Hongkong, 1st February, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Office of the Agency of P. M. S. S. COMPANY is REMOVED to *Praya West*, next door below HARBOR MASTER'S Office.

GEO. P. BOWMAN,

Agent

tf 240 Hongkong, 29th October, 1867.

MRS. VINTON'S PRIVATE FAMILY BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT, *Hollywood Road*, next door to the Horse Bazaar.

tf 661 Hongkong, 12th March, 1867

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has the pleasure to offer to the GENTRY of this Colony an ORCHESTRA BAND, for BALLS, THEATRE, CIRCUS, &c., and will be happy to attend to any orders, either verbally or in writing, on shore or on board of any of the Vessels in this harbour.

All orders sent to the following addresses will be punctually attended to:—House No. 1 *Lyndhurst Terrace*; care of Mr. L. VOLKMAN, House No. 18, *Hollywood Road*; care of Mr. JOZE GUEDES, JUNR., at Messrs. LAPIRENT, ARMSSON & Co.; or to the care of Mr. A. RIBEIRO, at the "*Daily Press*" Office.

L. M. LOBO.

tf 236 Hongkong, 14th October, 1867.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents for the Sale of their Goods in Hongkong and China by Messrs. J. & R. Tennent, Glasgow, and Messrs. David Corsar & Sons Ardrossan.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 419 Hongkong, January, 1867.

Vessels Loading.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DISPATCHED
LONDON	Chinese		Hongkong	Turner & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Monkchester		Hongkong	Olyphant & Co	Quick dispatch.
NEW YORK	Ocean	Hugues	Hongkong	Russell & Co	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Chelsea	Lowe	Hongkong	Bowman & Co	Quick dispatch.
MELBOURNE & SYDNEY	Onward	Wm. Whyte	Hongkong	Rozario & Co	Quick dispatch.
MANILA	Castillo	Meyeville	Hongkong	Remedios & Co	Quick dispatch.
SAIGON	Helene		Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co	Quick dispatch.

For Sale.

SAYLE & Co.,

VICTORIA EXCHANGE.

DRAPERS, SILK MERCERS OUTFITTERS, AND LACEMEN.

Have now some special novelties in WHITE MUSLIN JACKETS, FRILLED SKIRTS, LAPPETTS, TIES, CAMBRIC SETS, AND LACE GOODS.

A large selection of FRENCH PRINTED MUSLINS AND CAMBRICS.

The Silk and Dress Departments comprise a variety of GLACES, POULTS, POPLINS, FOULLARDS, AND FANCY STUFFS, which in quality and style are unsurpassed in the East.

The Evening Department is replete with the richest GAUZE DE CHAMBERYS, GRENADINES, TARLETANS AND BROCHE ROBES, PEPLUM SHAWLS AND OPERA CLOAKS.

LADIES' AND JUVENILE UNDERCLOTHING, CORSETS, CRINOLINES, CHILDREN'S BRAIDED ROBES AND PELISSES.

The MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING ROOMS, being under the management of Two EXPERIENCED West End Assistants, every advantage is afforded of combining the NEWEST DESIGNS WITH EXPERIENCE and TASTE.

tf 201 Hongkong, 8th February, 1868.

FOR THE RACES.

SAYLE & Co.,

VICTORIA EXCHANGE.

Have just received a choice Assortment of MILLINERY, ex Mail Steamer. The leading Fashions in trimmed BONNETS AND HATS, From Paris and London.

A Select Stock of FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.

Every size in WHITE AND COLORED KID GLOVES. In their usual well-known makes.

tf 262 Hongkong, 8th February, 1868.

J. & R. TENNENT'S ALE and PORTER.

DAVID CORSAR & SONS

Merchant Navy } CANVAS.
Navy Boiled }
Long Flax }
Grown }

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

tf 1130 Hongkong, 11th May, 1867.

CHAMPAGNE, ADOLPHE COLLIN's and L. LAFNAY & Co.'s Association Vineyards.

CLARET, Red CHATEAU MARGAUX.

Do. Haut-Brion.

Do. L. Leparee Duroc.

BRANDY, BENNESSY'S and MARTELL'S, in 1 dozen Cases.

BEER and PORTER, in Bottle.

BOTTES, (PLATS) in Kegs.

Also

A quantity of IRON COLUMNS, Yellow METAL, 20/23 ozs., with NAILS. Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

tf 3363 Hongkong, 14th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

100 Barrels PRIME PORK. 100 Barrels MESS BEEF. Apply to

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 50 Hongkong, 10th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

THE desirable PROPERTY on *Queen's Road*, lately occupied by Messrs. SMITH, KERNEDY & Co.

For particulars apply to

SMITH, ARCHER & Co.

tf 302 Hongkong, 10th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL Printing and Lithographic PRESS, with all requisites and fittings. Very complete and useful, and will be sold cheap.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 135 Hongkong, 20th January, 1868.

FOR SALE.

AT the *West Point* FOUNDRY and MACHINE SHOP, SHEET COPPER, 30 by 60 by 3/4 and 7/8.

STEAM and VACUUM GUAGES.

GUAGE GLASSES, all sizes.

SALINOMETERS.

BAR and ANGLE IRON of sizes.

LOWMOOR and THORNYCROFT BOILER IRON PLATES.

Also:

1 Pair of CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS, suitable for Dock purposes.

ILLINGWORTH & Co.

tf 2539 Hongkong, 6th November, 1867.

HOSTETTER, SMITH AND DEAN.

IMPORTERS OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ACIDS, DYE STUFFS,

PROPRIETARY MEDICINES,

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, PERFUMERY, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Pacific Depot for

HOSETETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

SAN FRANCISCO,

California.

3m 100 San Francisco, 4th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

150 Cases Martinez AROMATIC BITTERS, superior quality.

100 Cases SHERRY.

100 Cases PORT.

MULLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 86 Hongkong, 11th January, 1868.

FOR SALE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, complete.

MULLER & CLAUSSEN.

tf 87 Hongkong, 11th January, 1868.

MUNTZ'S YELLOW METAL, 20/23 ozs., and NAILS. Apply to

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 1403 Hongkong, 18th June, 1867.

JUST LANDED.

Ex P. M. Steamer *China*.

PICKLED MACKEREL, in Kits.

do. SALMON, do.

Smoked SALMON, by the Pound.

do. BEEF, do.

OREGON CIDER, in 1 dozen Cases.

HOMINY, in 10 lbs. Tins.

CORN MEAL, do.

SALAD DRESSING, in Bottles.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

1m 333 Hongkong, 17th February, 1868.

For Sale.

MISS ROSE has received ex *Chinese*, and late English Mail, a large and well selected Assortment of—

Ladies BONNETS, Trimmed and Untrimmed HATS, FLOWERS and FEATHERS, HEADDRESSES, Peplum BELTS, &c., &c.

Lace SHAWLS, Velvet and Silk MANTLES.

Moire Antique, Silk, and Fancy DRESSES.

Dress and Mantle TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, &c.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's KID GLOVES, BOOTS, &c., &c.

Mussulin APRONS, Ribbon, Tassels, &c.

All the newest designs in Children's HATS.

Dash, Shell, Soft and Hard CROWN FELTS.

Glengarry, Balmoral and Alma COAPS.

Children's Ditto in Cloth and Velvet.

WELLINGTON STREET.

(Opposite the CATHOLIC CHURCH).

tf 309 Hongkong, 14th February, 1868

CHRISTMAS STORES.

Ex *Geelong*, *Clarinda*, and to arrive ex *Ava*, *Ariel*.

FOR SALE.

FINE BLOOM MUSCATELS, in 7 lbs. Boxes.

Fine MUSCATELS and ALMONDS, in 2 lbs. Bottles.

Fine VANTE CURRANTS, in 2, 4 and 7 lbs. Packages.

Fine PUDDING RAISINS, in 2 lbs. Bottles.

MINCE MEAT, CANDIED PEEL, PLUM PUDDINGS.

Preserved OX TONGUES, in Tin, Spiced or Pickled.

JAMS, JELLIES, Potted MEATS, GAME, &c., &c.

HAMS, CHEESE, BUTTER, BACON.

SAUCES, CAPERS, PICKLES, PIE FRUITS, TART FRUITS, MUSHROOMS, MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, Oxford and Cambridge SAUSAGES.

Fine Crystallized Lump and Crushed SUGAR.

And an assortment of other GOODS.

LIQUORS.

Very Superior CHAMPAGNE of the finest quality.

Fine Dusty OLD PORT, very superior.

Fine Pale SHERRY, Old HENNESSY Pale BRANDY, Old Tom GIN, Prime Scotch WHISKEY, Old Jamaica RUM, Orange and Aromatic BITTERS.

Very Superior Dinner and Breakfast CLARET.

BASS'S and ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE, in Pints and Quarts.

GUINNESS'S and BARCLAY'S STOUT, in Pints and Quarts.

The whole of the above for sale at the lowest reasonable terms. Apply to

PAWCETT & Co.

tf 2912 Hongkong, 16th December, 1867.

FOR SALE.

Ex late arrivals, direct from France.

250 CASES Superfine OLIVE OIL, from Nice.

200 Cases Best quality of VERMOUTH, NUILLY PRAT.

50 Cases ABSINTH, NUILLY PRAT.

25 Cases French WINE BITTERS, in Quarts.

50 Cases FRUITS AU JUS, assorted.

An Invoice of the 22 Cases French BUTTER, in Bottles, of excellent quality.

French CHOCOLATE, Plain.

Dutch CHOCOLATE, flavored with Vanilla.

GELATINE, in Packages to suit.

Finest Mexican VANILLA BEANS, in Tins.

ANCHOVIES in Bottle, COD ROES, LAMPREY, à la *Mickolette*, and a large assortment of every description of French PASTRES and CREMES, MEATS, SAUSAGES, FISH, VEGETABLES, &c.

Also:

Roussillon WINE, in Cask.

Carbonne WINE, in Cask.

Narbonne WINE in Cask.

Claret LE FITTE, LE RASS, LATOUR, MARGAUX, ST. JULIEN and other Bordeaux Cases.

Very Dry CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints, and in Half-Pints.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2764 Hongkong, 29th November, 1867.

FOR SALE.

300 BARRELS Fresh California FLOUR.

At

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2765 Hongkong, 29th November, 1867.

FOR SALE.

500 CASES Genuine Schiedam GIN, mark *NSBD*.

50 Cases *JEB* in White Bottles, Genuine Bitter Ale.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2766 Hongkong, 29th November, 1867.

FOR SALE.

Ex *Southern Dome* and other late arrivals.

BASS'S ALE in Pints and Quarts.

GUINNESS'S STOUT, in Pints and Quarts.

BARCLAY & CO.'S STOUT, in Pints and Quarts.

BASS'S ALE, in Draught.

BARCLAY & Co.'s in Draught.

SHERRIES, PORT, Hennessy's BRANDY, GIN, OLD TOM, Scotch and Irish WHISKEY, &c., &c. At

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2768 Hongkong, 29th November, 1867.

FOR SALE.

Ex late arrivals.

PRIME California CHEESE.

Prime Gravens do.

Prime California BUTTER.

100 Barrels Hamburg Prime Mess PORK.

Prime Westphalia HAMS. At

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2983 Hongkong, 21st December, 1867.

EX MAIL STEAMER.

LYON SAUSAGES, in best condition.

CHEESE and HAMS.

Assorted French CONFECTIONERY.

Malaga RAISINS, in Bottles.

ALMONDS, in shells.

Peeled ALMONDS, in Tins and Bottles.

ELEMS FIGS, in Tins.

PRUNES, in Bottle.

Bonded Pomeranian GOOSE BREASTS.

At LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2984 Hongkong, 21st December, 1867.

GEORGE F. SILVESTER,

SEEDSMAN,

Importer and Dealer in all kinds of VEGETABLE, FLOWER, FIELD, FRUIT AND TREE SEEDS.

Garden Tools, Plants, Trees, &c., No. 317, Washington Street, *Dakota Battery and Wood*, SAN FRANCISCO,

California.

3m 102 San Francisco, 4th December, 1867

LEATHER AND SADDLES.

OF every description, suitable for the Chinese Market,

For Sale in quantities to suit, by

MAIN & WINCHESTER,

San Francisco,

California.

3m 101 San Francisco, 4th December, 1867

FOR SALE A Set of Double PONY HARNESS very complete, and handsome, best London make. *Price* 350.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

tf 2788 Hongkong, 8th November, 1866.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Small Assortment of best quality LEFAUCHEUX'S Breech-loading TOWLING PIECES, in Cases, with Ammunition complete.

LEFAUCHEUX'S REVOLVERS and SALOON RIFLES, with Cartridges.

LEFAUCHEUX'S SWISS RIFLES, for Target Shooting.

C. HOCHSTETTER.

tf 2396 Hongkong, 17th October, 1867.

FOR SALE.

COPPER SHEATHING, from 16 to 28 oz., with NAILS.

THOS. HUNT & Co.

1m 179 Hongkong, 27th January, 1868.

For Sale.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF!!!

GREAT SACRIFICES!!!

SPLENDID BARGAINS!!!

MULLER & CLAUSSEN

BEG to announce that they are SELLING OFF their stock of the undermentioned GOODS at Invoice prices, consisting of—

Black Cloth Dress FROCK and WALKING COATS.

Melton and Angola WALKING, SHOOTING and SAC COATS.

Melton and Witney YACHT JACKETS and OVER COATS.

Alpina and Merino COATS.

Black Dress TROUSERS.

Fancy Buckskin, Angola, and Tweed TROUSERS.

Alpaca and Merino TROUSERS.

White and Colored LINEN TROUSERS.

Black Dress VESTS.

Buckskin and Angola VESTS.

Merino and Alpaca VESTS.

White MARCELLA and LINEN VESTS.

Colored LINEN VESTS.

A large lot of PIECE GOODS, comprising:—

Black and Blue BROAD CLOTHS and DOESKINS.

MELTONS, BUCKSKINS, ANGOLAS, TWEEDS, and FLANNELS.

Of the Season's Patterns.

Also a New Assortment of HOSIERY and SHIRTS, of—

LONG CLOTH, with LINEN FRONT, &c.

Silk and Wool SHIRTS.

Colored SHIRTS.

Merino, Cotton, Lambswool, and Flannel DRAWERS and UNDERVESTS.

Merino, Cotton and Lambswool HALF HOSE.

Ladies' COTTON HOSE.

Dent's Kid and Driving GLOVES.

COLLARS, SCARFS, TIES, Chulem BELTS, and CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

Christy's Silk, Shell and Felt HATS, in the Newest Shapes.

Dawson's BOOTS and SHOES.

UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, Cloth and Hair BRUSHES,

PERFUMERY, FANCY SOAPS.

And a great variety of other GOODS.

MULLER AND CLAUSSEN,

Queen's Road.

tf 245 Hongkong, 5th February, 1868.

BIELFELD & ZACHARIAE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Queen's Road, No. 86.

Opposite the P. & O. Co.'s Gate.

tf 2232 Hongkong, 27th September, 1867

ANDREW MILLAR,

HOUSE AND SHIP PLUMBER, COPPERSMITH AND BRASSFOUNDER.

No. 1, Queen's Road East.

SHEET COPPER AND COPPER PIPE, Assorted Sizes and Thickness.

SHEET BRASS and BRASS PIPE, Assorted Sizes and Thickness.

SHEET LEAD and LEAD PIPE, Assorted Sizes and Thickness.

BRAZING SOLDER and BORAX.

Stilling Box and Plain Plug, FLANGE COCKS.

STEAM WHISTLES, Assorted Sizes and Patterns.

Engine-room GONGS and BELLS, Assorted Sizes and Patterns.

TALLOW and WATER SYRINGES.

Ship's Common and Double Valve WATER CLOSETS.

IRON, STEEL, COPPER, and BRASS WIRE, Assorted Sizes.

Brass Coatings, Executed on Moderate Terms.

Hoods Water Closets, Urinals, and Wash Hand Basins, in Earthenware and Enamelled Iron, fixed on the most approved principles, and at moderate Terms.

tf 216 Hongkong, 1st February, 1868.

FOR SALE.

30 Cases CAVITE CIGARS.

Apply to

REMEDIOS & Co.

tf 166 Hongkong, 16th January, 1868.

TATHAM'S BRANDY in 1 dozen cases.

" SHERRY .. 3 ..

" PORT .. 3 ..

" CLARET .. 1 ..

BIELEY & Co.

FOR SALE.

DOWNTONS' PUMPS.

As under:—

One 7 inch, 3 lift patent PUMP, with Cast Iron Bedplate and Handles, and with 6 hole 7 inch suction plate, with goose neck pipes and fittings complete.

One 5½ inch do. do. do.

Two 6 inch Gun Metal Fire ENGINES, with Hose complete.

BOWRA & Co.

tf 163 Hongkong, 22nd January, 1868.

FOR SALE.

YELLOW Metal, 18 to 28 oz., Muntz and Vivian's.

JOHN HURD & Co.

tf 670 Hongkong, 6th April, 1865.

AT THE BAZAAR EUROPEAN.

DILLMAN begs to invite his Friends and the Public to inspect his new Stock of Fancy Goods, &c., arrived by last mail, which will be disposed of at very moderate pr

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE

MR. J. MURRAY FORBES is authorised to sign our name at Canton from this date.

RUSSELL & Co.

China, 15th February, 1868. [tf 356

MR. BRIGADIER ANDREW is authorized to sign my name from this date.

P. A. METTA.

124 320 Hongkong, 17th February, 1868.

NOTICE.

MR. EMIL VOGEL and Mr. HEINRICH KIRCHHOFF become this day partners in our Business, which in future will be carried on under the Firm of

VOGEL, HAGEDORN & Co.,

both here and at Canton.

HAGEDORN & Co.

2m 302 Hongkong, 12th February, 1868.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. E. E. PETERSEN in our Firm ceased on the 31st December ultimo.

PETERSEN BROTHERS & Co.

Hongkong and Swatow,

11th February, 1868. [1m 285

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. T. KRUMMENACHER in our Firm ceased on the 31st December, 1867.

SANDER & Co.

1m 222 Hongkong, 3rd February, 1868.

I HAVE this day established myself in Business as Merchant and Commission Agent under the style or Firm of KHAREM MAHOMED & Co.

KHAREM MAHOMED KUTCHRA.

1m 209 Hongkong, 1st February, 1868.

MR. SIDNEY DEACON is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration, from this date.

DEACON & Co.

tf 213 Canton, 1st February, 1868.

NOTICE.

DURING the absence of Mr. JOHN H. LADD from the Colony, Mr. T. CUSHING LADD is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration.

LADD & Co.

tf 122 Hongkong, 17th January, 1868.

NOTICE.

MY BUSINESS, as SHIP and INSURANCE BROKER, COMMISSION AGENT, &c., hitherto carried on by myself, will henceforward be continued under the style or firm of J. S. HOOK, SON & CO.

J. S. HOOK.

tf 2176 Hongkong, 23rd September, 1867.

MR. THOMAS PYKE has this day been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

BIELEY & Co.

tf 9 Hongkong, 1st January, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Interest and Responsibility of the late Mr. C. JAMESON, in our firm, ceased on the 30th September last.

The business will in future be carried on by Mr. Z. BARTON, under the name or style of JAMESON & BARTON, as heretofore.

JAMESON & BARTON.

2m 14 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1868.

FROM and after this date Mr. GEORGE F. SOWMAN will act as Agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company at this Port.

S. L. PHELPS,

Agent.

tf 1889 Hongkong, 15th August, 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given that the interest and responsibility of Mr. GEORGE FALCONER, as Administrator of the Estate and Effects of JOHN FRANCIS FAWCETT, deceased, in the business of a Shipchandler and General Storekeeper, lately carried on by the said JOHN FRANCIS FAWCETT, at Victoria, Hongkong, ceased on the First day of January last, and that Mr. JAMES WILLIAM PEARCE has purchased the said business, and will in future carry on the same under the style or firm of "FAWCETT AND COMPANY."

Dated the First day of January, 1867.

GEORGE FALCONER,

Administrator of the Estate and Effects of JOHN FRANCIS FAWCETT, deceased.

J. W. PEARCE.

tf 1973 Hongkong, 26th August, 1867.

I HAVE this day established myself in Business as a Commission Agent at Kobe (Hiogo), and Osaka.

WALTER MOURILYAN.

1m 228 Kobe, 1st January, 1868.

WE have established a branch at Hiogo Osaka, for the transaction of a General Commission business.

SCHULZE, REIS & Co.

Yokohama, 1st January, 1868. [3m 88

I HAVE established myself at this port, as a GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, under the style and firm of GIFFORD F. PARKER & Co.

GIFFORD FORBES PARKER.

Saigon, 20th December, 1867. [tf 50

MY Interest in the Firm of Messrs. PASDAG & Co. having ceased on 31st December last, I have this day established myself at this Port, as Merchant and Commission Agent, under the Firm of KERGER & Co.

CASAR KRUGER.

3m 33 Amoy, 1st January, 1868.

THE business of Messrs. JOHN FORSTER and Co., Public Tea Inspectors and Commission Agents, at this Port, has been transferred to the undersigned, who will continue the same in his own name from this date.

EDWARD W. LOVELL.

tf 1208 Kinkiang, May 1st, 1866. [J11

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day established a Firm at Osaka and Kobe (Hiogo), under the style of BROWNE & Co.

H. ST. J. BROWNE.

Japan, 1st January, 1868 [3m 17

MESSRS. H. P. M. WACHTELS and H. ALPHE. OETMANS ceased to be Partners in our Firm since the 31st December ultimo.

GAYMANS & Co.

2m 3 Nagasaki, 1st January, 1868.

OUR Power of Attorney to Mr. JAMES GOODRICH having been Cancelled, Mr. CHARLES DENDEW WARNER is authorized to sign our Firm per procuration.

BRADLEY & Co.

tf 2274 Swatow, 4th December, 1867.

NOTICE.

WE have this day admitted Mr. CRAWFORD DAVISON KERR, Jun., as copartner in our Firm in Formosa. Mr. S. GODFREY BIRD ceases to sign the Firm per procuration from this date.

DODD & Co.

tf 281 Tamsui, 1st January, 1868.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. ALEXANDER ROSE JOHNSTON in our firm ceased on 31st ultimo.

TAIT & Co.

3m 10 Amoy, 1st January, 1868.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. W. A. STURROCK in our firm ceased yesterday, by lapse of time.

BOYD & Co.

3m 11 Amoy, 1st January, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned begs leave to present to the Gentry of Hongkong his profound respects, and also to notify them that he is still at the corner of *Queen's Road* and *Peel Street*. He will only say that his ambition has ever been to be held a worthy member of that fraternity, those who have known him long will feel satisfied without any attempt at puffery on his part. Open from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M. for the reception of such as feel the necessity of Tonsorial operations.

W. F. MOORE,

Hair Dresser.

Shaving ... ... 25 cents.
Hair Cutting ... ... 50 „
Shampooing ... ... 50 „
Particular attention to setting Razors.

1m 241 Hongkong, 5th February, 1868.

ORIENTAL BOWLING ALLEYS,

Entrance—Wellington Street.

DAVID BROWNE,

(LATE MANAGER OF THE ALBION HOTEL),

BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public that he has opened the above Bar and Bowling Alleys, and trusts by strict attention to Business, and the comfort of visitors, to merit a share of their patronage.

Iced Fancy Drinks of every Description.

N.B.—The above-named will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by the late proprietors.

tf 206 Hongkong, 1st February, 1868.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

AN Unfurnished airy ROOM, in the best part of *Wyndham Street*. View of the harbour. Apply to

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,

No. 53 Wyndham St.

1d 355 Hongkong, 21st February, 1868.

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

THE HOUSE, with Stabling, situated in the *Caine Road*, at present occupied by Colonel GAWLER.

Possession to be given on the 1st of March. For further particulars, apply to

A. E. PIRKIS.

tf 321 Hongkong, 17th February, 1868.

TO BE LET.

THE OFFICE and GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen Streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs. EMMENBORST and SANDER.

For particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON AND Co.

tf 87 Hongkong, 7th March, 1867.

TO LET.

On and after the 1st April Next.

THAT Handsome BUNGALOW, situated immediately in the rear and west of the *Albany*. Containing 5 Rooms, and Bath-rooms, Servant's rooms underneath, Stables and Cook-house detached, water laid on; a fine view of the Harbour, and a nice Garden in front and rear.

Apply early to

FAWCETT & Co.

tf 68 Hongkong, 11th January, 1868.

TO LET.

THE *Queen's Road* PREMISES, including Dwelling and Godown below, now occupied by the Undersigned.

DE SILVER & Co.

tf 2369 Hongkong, 7th November, 1867.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES on *Peddar's Hill*, each containing four Rooms, with Out-houses attached. Water and gas laid.

For particulars, apply to

H. PESTONJEE SETNA.

At Messrs. P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.'s Office, *Queen's Road.*

tf 118 Hongkong, 17th January, 1868.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE, No. 4, situated in *Gage Street*. Possession can be had immediately. For further particulars, apply to

CHONG-CHEW,

At Messrs. ROZARIO & Co.

tf 301 Hongkong, 13th February, 1868.

TO BE LET.

A HOUSE in *Queen's Road*, commanding a good view of the harbour from the North-side. The House contains Eight good Rooms, with Bath Rooms, Verandahs, front and back, Kitchens, Servants' Rooms, and Godowns on ground floor. Apply to

TURNER & Co.

tf 268 Hongkong, 10th February, 1868.

TO LET.

NOS. 5, PECHILI TERRACE, *Elgin Street*. Apply to

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 230 Hongkong, 4th February, 1868.

TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS HOUSE, situated in *Elgin Street*. Apply to

D. NOWROJEE,

Opposite to ORIENTAL BANK.

tf 231 Hongkong, 4th February, 1868.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES situated at *Peddar's Wharf*, lately occupied by Messrs. AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co. Possession can be taken on the 1st of January, 1868.

For further particulars, apply to

THOS. HUNT & Co.

tf 3053 Hongkong, 31st December, 1867.

STORAGE.

IN FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS, on the Praya, Apply to

S. E. BURROWS & SON.

tf 2857 Hongkong, 4th December, 1868.

NOTICE.

STORAGE can be had in the four large good GRANITE GODOWNS, situated at *Syingmun* (Praya), next to the STEAM RICE MILL FACTORY. These Godowns are adjoining each other, well provided with competent Storekeepers, and insurable in any of the Local Fire Insurance Companies. Charges moderate.

For particulars, apply to

FOOK MOW LOONG HONG,

OR

KEEN CHEONG HONG.

3m 2002 Hongkong, 24th December, 1867.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Coals, and other Merchandise in the Town Boats, and to receive the same on storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1867.

STORAGE can be had in first class GRANITE GODOWNS, at *Wanchai*, on very moderate terms. For particulars apply to

CHARLES RIVINGTON,

At Messrs. LANDSHEER & Co.'s Office, *Stanley Street.*

3m 45 Hongkong, 7th January, 1868.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Beak Building situated between the Agra Bank and Compradore's Escompte, at present in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.

For further particulars, apply to

GILMAN & Co.

tf 697 Hongkong, 17th April, 1867.

TO LET.

THREE COMMODIOUS HOUSES, situated in *Spring Gardens*, possessing a thorough view of the harbour.

Apply to D. NOWROJEE,

Opposite to the Oriental Bank.

tf 2818 Hongkong, 4th December, 1867.

TO LET.

TWO HOUSES on *Garden Terrace*, Spring Gardens, with or without Godowns. Rent moderate. Apply to

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2061 Hongkong, 6th September, 1867.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES situated in *Queen's Road* and *Stanley Street*, and at present occupied by Messrs. H. MARSH & Co.

For particulars, apply to

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.

tf 2062 Hongkong, 6th September, 1867.

TO LET.

THE two very eligible HOUSES on *Caine Road*, recently erected on the Premises known as the "HERMITAGE," situated between "Glencaly" and "Rose Hill," having a carriage-drive from the Road to the front of the buildings. *See laid on.*

These Houses can be inspected at any time. Apply to

RUSSELL & Co.,

Queen's Road.

tf 2269 Hongkong, 21st December, 1867.

TO LET.

THE CORNER HOUSE, No. 22a, in *Gage Street*, containing Six Rooms, with Compradore's Room, Godowns, and Stable attached. Water and gas laid.

For particulars, apply to

H. PESTONJEE SETNA.

At Messrs. P. & A. C. CAMAJEE & Co.'s Office, *Queen's Road.*

tf 119 Hongkong, 17th January, 1868.

TO LET.

TO be Let Furnished, a HOUSE in *West Terrace*. Four Rooms and Out Offices. Rent moderate. Address M., *Daily Press* Office

tf 1745 Hongkong, 29th July, 1867.

NOTICE.

LARGE AIRY ROOMS TO LET, Furnished or Unfurnished. Apply to

A. MILLAR.

No 1, Queen's Road East.

tf 259 Hongkong, 7th February, 1868.

TO LET.

THE Extensive and Eligible PREMISES (Corner of *Hollywood Road* and *Shelley Street*), lately in the occupation of H. M.'s Government. Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

tf 2057 Hongkong, 5th September, 1867.

TO LET.

HOUSES in *Mosque Street*. Rent moderate. Apply to

CHUN HEE NORONHA.

tf 2378 Hongkong, 21st November, 1867.

To Let.

TO BE LET, with early possession, those desirable PREMISES situated in the *Queen's Road*, at the corner of *Wyndham Street* (facing the HONGKONG CLUB), at present in the occupation of the AGRA BANK. Apply to

GITMAN & Co.

tf 1836 Hongkong, 8th August, 1867.

TO LET.

FURNISHED or unfurnished OFFICES, in BANK BUILDINGS, immediately opposite the HOTEL COMPANY'S Premises.

Also,

COACH-HOUSE and STABLING for 5 Horses, situated on the *Robinson Road*. Water and Gas laid on, with the use of an enclosed grazing-paddock adjoining.

For further particulars, apply to

EDMUND SHARP,

Solicitor.

tf 1937 Hongkong, 21st August, 1867.

HOUSES TO LET.

IN various Parts of Hongkong. A list of HOUSES with *size, locality* and *terms* can be seen at No. 53, *Wyndham Street*.

THOS. W. BARRINGTON.

tf 642 Hongkong, 11th March, 1867.

With immediate possession.

THE Property known as "ALMADA PLACE," having a frontage of Eighty-three feet on *Wellington* and *Gage Streets*, and of two hundred and twenty-nine feet on *Aberdeen Street*, comprising a superficial area of about 19,000 square feet.

Annual Ground Rent 612. 12s. 6d.

For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Hongkong, 21th February, 1867.

TO-LET.

NO. 3, PECHILI TERRACE, *Elgin Street*. Apply to

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

tf 1704 Hongkong, 23rd July, 1867.

TO BE LET.

NEW and Strong GODOWNS, *C* and *E*, on Marine Lot No. 63. Apply to

GAVIN THOMSON,

At GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.'s.

tf 2926 Hongkong, 17th December, 1867.

Insurances.

REDUCTION

IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM FOR FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to REDUCE rates for FIRE INSURANCE for SHORT PERIODS, as follows:—

On Policies not exceeding 1 month { from ½ to ¼ per cent.
On Policies not exceeding 3 months { from ½ to ¼ „
On Policies not exceeding 6 months { from ½ to ¼ „

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company

tf 1909 Hongkong, 22nd August, 1866.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £500,000.

MANAGING AGENTS IN CHINA,

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,

HONGKONG.

MEDICAL REFEREE,

IVOR MURRAY, Esq., M.D.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Managing Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept risks and issue Policies on Life Assurances.

For further particulars, forms of proposals &c., apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 1416 Hongkong, 15th June, 1867.

NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that an AGENCY of this Company has been opened in Macao, under the care of Messrs. MARGESON & Co., and that Captain CARRONI has been appointed Surveyor for the Company at that Port.

By the order of the Court of Directors,

JOHN S. MACKINTOSH,

Secretary.

tf 2279 Hongkong, 4th October, 1867.

NORTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are authorised to accept the following Rates of Premium, for SHORT PERIOD RISKS on First-class Godowns and Goods stored therein.

For 1 month, ½ of Annual Rate.
For 3 months, ¼ do. do.
For 6 do. ½ do. do.
Above 6 months the full Annual Rates.

TURNER & Co.

tf 1769 Hongkong, 17th August, 1866.

AT the request of the Undersigned, Messrs GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. have taken temporary charge of the following INSURANCE COMPANIES:—

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.,

Agents.

tf 1555 Hongkong, 3rd July, 1867.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept SHORT RISKS at the following Reduced Rates:—

Not exceeding 1 month { per cent.
Above 1 month but not exceeding 3 „ „ do.
Above 3 months but not exceeding 6 „ „ do.
Above 6 months but not exceeding 12 „ full annual rate.

ADAM SCOTT & Co., *Agents, Sun Fire Office,*

tf 1729 Hongkong, 13th August, 1866.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above office are prepared to grant Policies against Fire on the usual Term and conditions. Risk will also be accepted at the following ports:—

Canton, by Messrs. DEACON & Co.
Macao, by E. L. LANCA, Esq.
Amoy, by Messrs. BOYD & Co.
Foochow, by Messrs. KINNEAR & Co.

Full particulars of Rates, &c., may be obtained on application to

ADAM SCOTT & Co., Agents.

tf 1033 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above CORPORATION are prepared to grant FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE on the usual terms.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 3025 Hongkong, 27th December, 1867.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents { ½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses usedstrictly as such, and their contents { ½ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents { 1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents, China Fire Insurance Company.

tf 973 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following reduced rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances viz:—

One month, ... { ¼ per cent.
Three months, ... { ½ „
Six months, ... { ¾ „

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Managers Hongkong Fire Insurance Company.

tf 1689 Hongkong, 7th August, 1866.

Insurances.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

A DIVIDEND of 8 per cent. *Eight* per cent. has been declared on the net Premium contributed to the above ASSOCIATION for the year ending 30th September, 1866.

Policy-holders will please send in particulars of their contribution to that date to the Undersigned.

RUSSELL & Co.,

Secretaries.

tf 2073 Hongkong, 9th September, 1867.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.

In addition to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the assured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year, divided pro rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, November, 1862.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY. SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire on Buildings and Goods at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 306 Hongkong, 7th February, 1867.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned (having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 573 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1867.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

tf 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1866.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

INCORPORATED 1859.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Marine Risks and issue Policies at current rates.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

tf 1331 Hongkong, 7th June, 1867.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for this above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept risks, renew, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China, Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

tf Hongkong, 8th October, 1863.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, $500,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong and China for the above Company, are prepared to grant POLICIES at current rates.

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1852 Hongkong, 10th August, 1867.

DE CONSTERLING

SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BATAVIA.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above-named Companies, are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

tf 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

Agents, China Fire Insurance Company.

GERMANIC LLOYDS.

G. MEINCKE, Esq., has been appointed by the GERMANIC LLOYDS' SOCIETY, of Hamburg; their Surveyor at this port, and is authorized to class vessels in conformity with their rules.

PASEDAG & Co.,

Agents Germanic Lloyds.

3m 741 Amoy, 1st January, 1868.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

187, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

JAMES HAWLEY & Co. *Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned is authorized to accept risks on behalf of this Office, by First Class Steamers.

W. MACAULAY, *Agent.*

tf Hongkong, 1st July, 1867.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER, AND LONDON.

Capital—ONE MILLION STERLING.

THE DIRECTORS have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Company at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By Order of the Board

JAMES B. NORTHCOTT,

Secretary.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Insurances.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST, A.D. 1720.

HEAD OFFICE IN LONDON:

No 17, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, E.C.

WEST END OFFICE.—*No. 7, Pall Mall, S.W.*

RICHARD BAGGALLAY, Esq.—*Governor.*
JAMES BLYTH, Esq.—*Sub-Governor.*
EDWIN GOWER, Esq.—*Deputy-Governor.*

DIRECTORS.

Nathaniel Alexander, Esq.
John Alves Attwhitch, Esq.
Henry Bonham Bax, Esq.
Edward Smith, Esq.
Alfred D. Chapman, Esq.
Mark Wilks Collet, Esq.
Sir Frederick Currie, Bart.
F. D. Dalgety, Esq.
Romany Dobree, Esq.
John Fairnie, Esq.
G. L. Monck Gibbs, Esq.
Robert Gillespie, Esq.
Henry George Gordon, Esq.
A. C. Guthrie, Esq.
John Alex. Haasker, Esq.
Louis Huth, Esq.
Charles Lyall, Esq.
John Orr, Esq.
Capt. R. W. Pelly, R.N.
David Powell, Esq.
William Rennie, Esq.
R. P. Robertson, Esq., M.P.
W. Bryce Watson, Esq.
Lestock Pocock Wilson, Esq.

SECRETARY.

JOHN LAURENCE, Esq.

THE CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE have appointed Agents for the issue of Policies for Marine Assurance in INDIA and CHINA as under:—

Bombay—Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.
Madras—Messrs. ARBUTHNOT & Co.
Calcutta—Messrs. MACKILLOP, STEWART & Co.
Hongkong—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Shanghai—Messrs. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Mauritius—Messrs. BLYTH BROTHERS & Co.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies of the CORPORATION of the LONDON ASSURANCE, payable either here, in LONDON, at any of the above-named Agencies, and also at

Melbourne, Victoria—
Messrs. DALGETY, BLACKWOOD & Co.
Launceston, Tasmania—
Messrs. DU CROZ, NICHOLLS & Co.
Hobart Town—
Mr. LAVINGTON ROOFE.
Adelaide, S. Australia—
Messrs. ELDER, SMITH & Co.
Sydney, New S. Wales—
Messrs. FANNING, GRIFFITHS & Co.
Dunedin, Otago, New Zealand—
Messrs. DALGETY, RATTRAY & Co.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 146 Hongkong, 31st January, 1868.

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Two Millions Sterling.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company are prepared to grant POLICIES against Fire, either at this Port, or at Macao, Canton, or Whampoa, to the extent of £15,000 in any one Risk, upon Buildings or Merchandise, on the usual terms.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

tf 1385 Hongkong, 12th June, 1867.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from town, and their contents { ½ per cent.
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their contents. { ½ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents { 1 per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

tf 864 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month { 1 month ½ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 „ „ ¼ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 „ „ ½ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding 12 „ the annual rate.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents, Imperial Fire Insurance Company

tf 1694 Hongkong, 8th August, 1866.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $80,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $30,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

LIFE ASSURANCE

THE Undersigned have received authority, by a recent call, to issue LIFE POLICIES for amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866.

HAMBURG BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept assurance against Fire at Hongkong and at any of the open ports in China to the amount of Mexican $30,000 on one Risk.

WM. PESTAL & Co. *Agents.*

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1864.

GEORGE GLASSE,

(FIVE YEARS MANAGER TO KINSELLA, OF PICCADILLY, LONDON, AND 28, PLACE VENDOME, PARIS),

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN CHEMIST

VICTORIA DISPENSARY,

HONGKONG.

SHIPS' MEDICINE-CHESTS SUPPLIED AND REPLENISHED.

tf 2935 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1867.

J. FRISBY.

BUTCHER and FAMILY GROCER supplies every article from the Market for Families, and has always on hand CORN MEATS, (free from Saltpetre), such as ROUNDS, HUMPS, BRISKETS, TONGUES, Pork and Pigs' HEADS.

The above are of the best quality that can be procured.

SHOP, 33, *Praya east Arcade*,

BUTCHER'S STALL, 103, Central Market.

tf 2923 Hongkong, 2nd November, 1867.

Insurances.

NOTICE.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

MR. N. J. EDE having resigned the Acting Secretaryship of the UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, Mr. C. D. WILLIAMS is THIS DAY appointed Secretary, and is authorised to sign Policies of Insurance on behalf of the Society.

The Offices of the Company are now those lately occupied by Messrs. LYALL, STILL & Co.

(Signed) W. KESWICK,

Chairman of the Committee.

tf 1569 Hongkong, 4th July, 1867.

MESSRS. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. of Shanghai, Foochow, and Hankow, have been appointed Agents for the Society at those Ports.

(Signed) W. KESWICK,

Chairman of the Committee.

tf 1570 Hongkong, 4th July, 1867.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

FOR Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbours, or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of $60,000 on any one First Class Risk.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1867.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month { 1 month ½ of the annual rate
Above 1 month, and not exceeding 3 „ ¼ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 „ ½ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding 12 „ the annual rate.

GILMAN & Co.

Agents, North British & Mercantile Insurance Company.

tf 1702 Hongkong, 8th August, 1866.

Business Announcements.

JAPAN TIMES OVERLAND MAIL AND PACIFIC MAIL EXTRA.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. having been appointed Agents for the two above-named Newspapers, are prepared to receive orders and subscriptions for the same.

The price of the *Overland Mail*, is $12 per Annum; of the *Pacific Mail Extra*, $3 per Annum, to subscribers to the *Overland Mail*, and $5 to non-subscribers. Subscriptions are in all cases payable in advance, and no charge is made for postage.

tf 2810 Hongkong, 4th December, 1867.

DENTISTRY.

DR. H. H. WINN, a Graduate of one of the Oldest DENTAL COLLEGES in the United States, begs to announce to the Public of Hongkong that he has OPENED an OFFICE here, and will be happy to see all Persons desirous of his Services. Dr. WINN has spent over a year and-a-half in Japan, and is desirous of establishing himself here for the Winter Months, returning to Yokohama during the Summer Months of each year.

Office over Mrs. BORNETT'S Store, Up-stairs, entrance on *Wyndham Street.*

H. H. WINN, D.D.S.

tf 2658 Hongkong, 19th November, 1867.

NOW READY.

THE HOUSEHOLD COMPANION AND STUDENT'S FIRST ASSISTANT,

By Dr. DEVAN, with many additions, Corrections, and Dr. WILLIAMS' Orthography.

PRICE: In Paper Wrappers, ... $2.00
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HORSES received on Livery.

Carriages and Horses for Hire by the job, hour, day, week or month.

Harness and Saddlery repaired and renovated, a stock of London made being always on hand.

Horses broken to Saddle or Harness.

(J.B. will be happy to call at the residence of any person requiring his services, on receiving instructions to that effect.)

Horses always on hand for Sale.

Rear of Murray Barracks, Hongkong.

BARNARD, WILSON & Co.

SHIP CHANDLERS AND GENERAL STORE-KEEPERS,

SHIPWRIGHTS, ENGINEERS, AND BLACKSMITHS,

MANILA.

Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' work done on more moderate terms than in China.

Every convenience for heaving down and careening.

tf 1875 Manila, June 4th, 1867. [J91

"STAG" HOTEL.

SITUATE IN QUEEN'S ROAD.

PERSONS and FAMILIES requiring Superior Hotel Accommodation will find it at the above Establishment.

SIMMUND R. HOLMES,

Proprietor.

tf 2916 Hongkong, 15th December, 1867.

WM. DOLAN.

SAIL MAKER, &c.,

Dudbull Street,

Opposite the French Consulate.

tf 631 Hongkong, 3rd April, 1865.

NOW READY AND TO BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF THE "*DAILY PRESS*"

PART SECOND

OF A NEW

ANGLO-CHINESE DICTIONARY, QUARTO

BY THE

REV. W. LOBSCHEID.

THIS WORK was commenced in November, 1864, and will be completed towards the end of 1868, comprising in all 2,000 large quarto pages. The third part will be out in April next, and the fourth about December, 1868. Much care has been bestowed on the work to render it useful, both to the Merchant and to the Student of the Chinese and English languages. Articles of Trade, Objects of Natural History, and the Terms of Office used in the Chinese Market are given with their Chinese equivalents.

The work is offered in boards. The best Bookbinding Establishment in China being connected with this Office, parties desirous of having their copies strongly or elegantly bound will please to intimate the same.

Missionaries supplied at Trade Price.

Daily Press Office, Hongkong.

WILH. LANGE,

TUNER AND REPAIRER OF PIANOS, AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Shelley Street, No. 14, next door to the CLUB LUSITANO.

Letters please address care of Messrs. BIELFELD and ZACHARIAE, 88, *Queen's Road.*

tf 3032 Hongkong, 28th December, 1867.

SHIPPING IN THE CANTON WATERS.

Vessel & Captain	Flag & Rig	Tons	Consignees	Destination
HONGKONG.				
Steamers.				
Ashfield,	Brit. sh	836	Aug. Heard & Co	
Anaf,	Brit. sh	800	P. & O. S. N. Co	
Cambodge,	French	1000	Messageries Imperiales	
China,	Brit. sh	416	P. M. S. S. Co	
Emeu,	Brit. sh	1538	P. & O. S. N. Co	
Fenay,	Brit. sh	117	H. N. & W. Dx. Co	
Fire Dart,	Brit. sh	506	H. N. O. & M. S. B. Co	
Formosa,	Brit. sh	700	P. & O. S. N. Co	
Fung Shuey, T. S. Watson	Amo. str	748	Aug. Heard & Co	
Kai-ko-ko, Yeaton	Amo. str	315	Aug. Heard & Co	
Kaisow, T.	Brit. str	550	H. K. C. & M. S. B. Co	
Km-Kiang, T.	Brit. str	1036	H. K. C. & M. S. B. Co	
Lightning, Hodge	Brit. str	375	Gibb, Livingston & Co	
Lin-un,	Brit. str	134